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Effect of Milling Machine Roughness and Wing Dihedral on the Supersonic Aerodynamic Characteristics of a Highly Swept Wing

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### Summary

An experimental investigation was conducted to assess the effect of surface finish on the longitudinal and lateral aerodynamic characteristics of a highly swept wing at supersonic speeds. The investigation also included a study of the effects of wing dihedral. Included in the tests were four wing models: three models having 22.5° of outboard dihedral, identical except for surface finish; and a zero-dihedral, smooth model of the same planform for reference. Of the three dihedral models, two were taken directly from the milling machine without smoothing—one having a maximum scallop height of 0.002 in. and the other a maximum scallop height of 0.005 in. The third dihedral model was hand finished to a smooth surface.

Tests were conducted in Test Section 1 of the Langley Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel over a range of Mach numbers from 1.8 to 2.8, a range of angles of attack from  $-5^{\circ}$  to  $8^{\circ}$ , and at a Reynolds number per foot of  $2 \times 10^{6}$ . Selected data were also taken at a Reynolds number per foot of  $6 \times 10^{6}$ . Drag coefficient increases, with corresponding lift-drag ratio decreases, were the primary aerodynamic effects attributed to increased surface roughness due to milling machine grooves. These drag and lift-drag ratio increments due to roughness increased as Reynolds number increased.

#### Introduction

Subscale wind-tunnel models require precision in definition and in fabrication to accurately replicate the surface of a full-scale configuration. Precise definition of a model is simplified considerably when the model is numerically defined and then machined by a numerical control (NC) milling machine—a computerized system in which the path of the cutting tool is controlled by the previously stored numerical description of the three-dimensional model. When these machines were introduced into the model fabrication process, they produced considerable savings of time and money by eliminating the usual trial and error machining process (refs. 1 and 2). Typically, the NC machinist makes use of spherical cutting tools to machine the complex curved surface found on most models. The spherical cutting tools only cut to the desired model surface at the center of the tool and leave ridges or scallops to either side of the center. The size of the cutting tool and the spacing between each cutting pass determine the number of passes necessary to cut a given area and the height of the scallops left in the metal. Thus, for a given size cutting tool, a smaller step size between passes leaves smaller scallops in the metal but requires more passes to cut the same area.

Even though a new era of model construction was introduced with the NC milling machine, the entire process was not automated. Aerodynamicists required a smooth surface finish within a small tolerance to the required measurements. This smooth surface is typically generated by final hand sanding and filing of the model to the required surface finish. This final step in the process still requires many man-hours to complete. Conversations with experienced model makers indicate that, on steel models of approximately 2.5 ft<sup>2</sup> reference area, this final smoothing requires an estimated 300 to 400 man-hours or about one-third to one-half of the total model construction time. The amount of time required for the filing and sanding in this final step is a function of the height of the remaining scallops. Since the entire model fabrication process is optimized by doing as much work as possible on the NC machine, even when final finishing is required, the number of passes is increased to minimize the resulting scallop heights. If the hand finishing of the models could be entirely eliminated, a considerable savings of time and money would result.

This study investigates the effect of model surface finish obtained during the model milling process on wind-tunnel force data. Three highly swept models, which contained dihedral of  $22.5^{\circ}$  on the outer wing panel, and which were identical except for surface finish (two with different scallop heights and one smooth), were tested over Mach numbers ranging from 1.8 to 2.8, and the results of force tests for each model are compared. The effect of Reynolds number was investigated by conducting tests at Reynolds numbers per foot of  $2 \times 10^6$  and  $6 \times 10^6$ . As a further investigation in the test, a fourth model with zero-dihedral and a smooth surface was tested to compare results with the smooth dihedral model to assess dihedral effects on this highly swept planform.

Schlieren, vapor-screen, and oil flow photographs are also included. Preliminary results of this study were published in reference 3.

## **Symbols**

Force and moment data are referenced to the body-axis system except for lift and drag, which are referenced to the stability-axis system. The moment reference center for the model is located 1.431 ft from the nose. The symbols in parentheses are used in the data tables of appendix D.

b		wing span, 2 ft
bal		balance
$C_A$	(CA)	axial-force coefficient, $\frac{\text{Axial force}}{qS}$
	(CAC)	axial-force coefficient due to model balance-housing pressure coefficient
$C_D$	(CD)	drag coefficient, $\frac{\text{Drag}}{qS}$
	(CDC)	drag coefficient due to model balance-housing chamber pressure coefficient
$C_L$	(CL)	lift coefficient, $\frac{\text{Lift}}{qS}$
$C_l$		rolling-moment coefficient, $\frac{\text{Rolling moment}}{qSb}$
$C_{l_{eta}}$		roll-stability parameter, per degree, $\frac{C_l _{\beta=3^{\circ}}-C_l _{\beta=0^{\circ}}}{3}$
$C_m$	(CM)	pitching-moment coefficient, $\frac{\text{Pitching moment}}{qS\bar{c}}$
$C_N$	(CN)	normal-force coefficient, $\frac{\text{Normal force}}{qS}$
$C_n$		yawing-moment coefficient, $\frac{\text{Yawing moment}}{qSb}$
$C_{n_{eta}}$		directional-stability parameter, per degree, $\frac{C_n _{\beta=3^{\circ}}-C_n _{\beta=0^{\circ}}}{3}$
$C_Y$		side-force coefficient, $\frac{\text{Side force}}{qS}$
$C_{Y_{eta}}$		side-force parameter, per degree, $\frac{C_Y _{\beta=3^{\circ}}-C_Y _{\beta=0^{\circ}}}{3}$
$ar{c}$		wing reference chord, 1.6861 ft
$H_o$		total pressure, psf
L/D	(L/D)	lift-drag ratio, $C_L/C_D$
M	(MACH)	Mach number
$\boldsymbol{q}$	(DYN PRS)	dynamic pressure, psf
$R/{ m ft}$	(R/FT)	Reynolds number per foot
S		reference area, $2.5375 \text{ ft}^2$
$T_o$		total temperature, °F
$\boldsymbol{x}$		longitudinal distance from nose of model (see fig. 1), ft
y		coordinate in spanwise direction (see fig. 1), ft
$\boldsymbol{z}$		coordinate in vertical direction (see fig. 1), ft
$\alpha$	(ALPHA)	angle of attack, deg

eta angle of sideslip, deg  $\sqrt{M^2-1}$   $\Lambda$  local leading-edge sweep angle, deg

### **Description of Models**

The planform used in this study is characterized by a complex leading-edge shape with generally high sweep. A similar planform has been tested previously in references 4 and 5. The planform is shown in figure 1 and described in table I. Note that the leading-edge sweep angles vary with spanwise position and for Mach 2.4 (the design Mach number) produce velocity components normal to the leading edge that vary from low subsonic over much of the inboard region to nearly sonic for the outboard region. A minimum body with a feathered (i.e., no base area) base was included to house the strain-gage balance and support sting.

Table I. Model Planform Definition

Spanwise stations	Leading edge	Trailing edge	
$0 \le y \le 0.3$	$x = 12y^2$	$x = 1.388097y^2 + 2.58618$	
$0.3 \le y \le 0.6$	$x = 0.6377349 + 2.523619(y - 0.2692869)^{1/2}$	x = 0.83286(y - 0.3) + 2.71111	
$0.6 \le y \le 0.95$	x = 2.19418(y - 0.6) + 2.08901	x = 0.83286(y - 0.3) + 2.71111	
$0.95 \le y \le 1.0$	$(x - 3.106973)^2 + (y - 0.3971721)^2 = 0.3634$	x = 0.83286(y - 0.3) + 2.71111	

The investigation included tests of four uncambered models. Three of the models were used to investigate roughness effects and were identical except for surface finish and contained dihedral of 22.5° on the outboard panel of the wing. To investigate effect of dihedral, a fourth, zero-dihedral model with a smooth finish was included. All models had a 3-percent-thick parabolic arc airfoil.

The three dihedral models were cut with a 1-in.-diameter milling tool. The cutting-path spacing was varied so that the maximum resulting scallop heights were 0.005 in. and 0.002 in. for the first two models, and the third was hand finished to a smooth surface. The model with maximum scallop height of 0.005 in. and the smooth model were the same model tested before and after smoothing. The model with the maximum scallop height of 0.002 in. was a separately constructed model. The method of determining the maximum step size allowable between tool passes and the number of passes required to cut each model is included in appendix A. The model with maximum scallops of 0.005 in. will be referred to as the "rough" model. The model with maximum scallops of 0.002 in. will be referred to as the "medium" model. The third model, which had been hand finished, will be referred to as the "smooth" model. The models were cut along a constant percent chord, with 220 passes necessary to cut the rough model and 347 passes necessary to cut the medium model. The number of passes is determined by the maximum scallop height at longest chord, and thus the scallop height on the outboard portions of the wing is an order of magnitude smaller because of the smaller step size between passes.

Photographs of the wind-tunnel models are shown in figures 2(a) through 2(e). Note in figures 2(c), 2(d), and 2(e) that the scallops left by the milling tool follow a constant percent chord and thus vary with their local orientation to the wind—in some places nearly aligned and in others nearly perpendicular. A very noticeable difference in the scallops between the medium and rough models can be observed in the region near the centerline, where, because of the cutting path, the scallops reach their maximum heights for the two models. Note that the scallop orientation is nearly streamwise on the top of the minimum balance housing.

#### Test Program and Apparatus

Wind-tunnel tests were conducted in Test Section 1 of the Langley Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel. The cross section dimensions of the test section are 4 ft by 4 ft, and the allowable Mach number range is from 1.47 to 2.87. Further information on this tunnel is available in reference 6.

Tests were conducted at Mach numbers ranging from 1.8 to 2.8, angles of attack ranging from  $-5^{\circ}$  to  $8^{\circ}$ , and at a Reynolds number per foot of  $2 \times 10^{6}$  with selected data taken at a Reynolds number per foot of  $6 \times 10^{6}$ . A 0.063-in.-wide strip of No. 50 Carborundum grit was applied and sized according to reference 7 and was located 0.4 in. aft of the model leading edge in the streamwise direction. Tests were conducted during several different tunnel entries over a period of several years. Total temperature differences between tests were sometimes necessary because of power availability and outside temperatures. Specific test conditions for the tests can be found in appendix B.

Aerodynamic forces and moments were measured by means of a six-component strain-gage balance contained within the model. The balance was attached through a supporting sting to the permanent strut support system in the wind tunnel. Model balance chamber pressures were measured by means of two tubes routed along the sting and connected to two pressure tranducers outside the tunnel. These pressures were measured throughout the test program in order to correct the data to a condition of free-stream static pressure acting over the total model base area. The data were also corrected for deflections of the balance-sting combination due to aerodynamic loads and for test-section flow angularity.

Because the aerodynamic loads differed by approximately a factor of three between  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6$  and  $6\times 10^6$ , two different balances were employed to provide similar levels of aerodynamic coefficient accuracy. The coefficient is based on a balance accuracy of one-half of one percent of the full-scale capacity of each of the six components. The coefficient accuracy for each of the test conditions is found in appendix C.

Vapor-screen, oil flow, and schlieren photographs were obtained at several Mach numbers and several angles of attack. For vapor-screen photographs, model preparation consisted of painting one coat of flat black paint over a coat of zinc chromate primer to reduce the glare. White dots (reference marks) were painted on the model upper-surface centerline at locations where vapor-screen data were desired. A high-intensity mercury vapor light source mounted outside the tunnel was used to produce a thin light sheet across the tunnel test section. The light sheet was oriented normal to the flow and was positioned so that the model could be moved longitudinally to align the light sheet with the white dot reference positions. Photographs were taken by a camera mounted to the ceiling inside the tunnel and located approximately 3 ft downstream from the model. For further information on the procedure for obtaining vapor-screen photographs, see reference 8.

For the oil flow photographs, the model surfaces were painted flat black and then brushed with a mixture of 90-weight oil and yellow fluorescent dye. The model was illuminated by ultraviolet lamps, and photographs were taken through the window of the test section by using two cameras mounted outside the tunnel. Photographs were taken with the model rolled 90° (wings vertical). After the model was positioned in the tunnel, approximately 3 to 4 minutes were required for the oil flow pattern to develop. Normally, three or four different angles of attack could be photographed before the oil needed replenishment. Additional information on the oil flow technique can be found in reference 9.

Schlieren photographs of the flow field were made for several of the test conditions. A complete description of the schlieren system and its principles of operation may be found in references 6 and 10.

### **Boundary-Layer Considerations**

It is expected that the largest increments in the aerodynamic coefficients between the three different surface finishes would occur for the drag. These increments in drag could result from (1) protuberance drag—drag that results from the scallop ridges protruding through the boundary layer; (2) roughness drag due to the scallops acting like an equivalent roughness, which increases the skin friction drag (see ref. 11); (3) wave drag—drag due to the slight increase in volume caused by the scallop ridges; and (4) transition effects—variations in skin friction drag due to different locations of boundary-layer transition. It is beyond the scope of this paper to determine the exact extent to which protuberance, roughness, and wave drag affect the drag increments. In order to minimize transition effects, a transition grit strip was employed. According to references 7, 12, and 13, No. 50 Carborundum grit, located 0.4 in. downstream from the leading edge, is of sufficient height to ensure immediate transition for  $R/\text{ft} = 6 \times 10^6$  at all Mach numbers tested. However, at the lower test Reynolds number, only references 7 and 12 predict transition at the transition grit strip. In reference 13, studies conducted on a 55° delta wing measured transition at Mach 2.4 at about 1 in. behind the transition grit and at Mach 2.8 at about 2 in. behind the grit strip for  $R/\text{ft} = 2 \times 10^6$ . The greater sweep of the present model would likely promote

additional crossflow-induced boundary instabilities that would promote earlier transition. Hence it is assumed that the boundary-layer transition is sufficiently close to the grit strip such that transition effects on drag variation are negligible. Therefore, at a given Reynolds number, differences in drag may occur because of differences in proturberence drag, roughness drag, and/or wave drag.

#### Presentation of Data

A schedule of the tabulated data and tunnel conditions is located in appendix B and the tabulated data for the tests are located in appendix D. Plots of the longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics of the models are given in figures 3 through 9. Lateral-directional stability parameter plots are given in figure 10. Flow visualization results are presented in figures 11 to 21.

#### **Results and Discussion**

Because two balances and two different Reynolds numbers were used in the tests in addition to models with varying surface finishes, the data will initially be examined for differences due to balance accuracy and Reynolds number effects. Differences due to surface finish and the effect of dihedral will then be examined at  $R/\text{ft} = 2 \times 10^6$ .

#### **Balance Accuracy Effects**

The effect of balance accuracy on the longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics for the rough model at  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6$  is shown in figures 3 and 4. See appendix C for balance accuracy values. Note that for the drag polar shown on figure 3(a), there is essentially no difference (less than one count) in the drag level indicated for the two balances between  $C_L=-0.18$  and  $C_L=0.14$ . Near  $C_L=0.22$ , the drag measured by balance 845 is 5 to 7 counts higher than that for balance 740. The agreement between the L/D curves from the two different balances displays the same trend—excellent agreement up to  $C_L=0.14$ , and slight deviations beyond.

The pitching-moment data from the two balances show excellent agreement throughout the lift range shown on figure 3(b). Some variation of the results from the two balances again becomes evident in the lift curve where at both negative angles of attack and positive angles of attack the lift measured with balance 740 has a slightly larger magnitude than that measured with balance 845, but this variation is on the order of the accuracy of the two balances.

Comparisons of balance effects at Mach 2.4 (fig. 4) are similar to those shown at Mach 2.0. At  $R/\text{ft} = 2 \times 10^6$ , the results from the two balances agree up to the higher lift coefficients, where for the drag polar, balance 845 gives slightly higher values of drag. Similarly, differences occur on the lift curve at the higher angles of attack.

These results indicate that comparisons can be made reliably between data from balances 740 and 845 at low lift and angles of attack. When evaluating the data at higher lift coefficients and angles of attack, the previously considered balance accuracy effects must be considered.

#### **Reynolds Number Effects**

The effect of Reynolds number on lift, drag, and pitching moment is also shown in figures 3 and 4. On the drag polar, results for moderate lift coefficients are 3 to 5 counts lower in drag for the rough model, due only to Reynolds number changes. Reynolds number effects on L/D are fairly significant between  $C_L = 0.04$  and 0.18, with a smaller effect at the negative lift coefficients. The tests at R/ft =  $6 \times 10^6$  were made with balance 845, and the tests at  $R/\text{ft} = 2 \times 10^6$  were made with balance 740. At Mach 2.0, shown on figure 5, the drag of the smooth model at  $R/\text{ft} = 2 \times 10^6$  varies from about 2 counts less than that on the rough model near  $C_L = 0$  to approximately the same level at both the higher and lower values of  $C_L$ . At  $R/\text{ft} = 6 \times 10^6$ , near  $C_L = 0$ , the smooth model is about 7 counts lower in drag than the rough model.

Because of the presence of the turbulent boundary layer, the external flow is displaced. This displacement thickness is inversely proportional to the Reynolds number and, therefore, is larger for  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6$  than for  $6\times 10^6$ . Flat plate turbulent boundary-layer approximations (refs. 14 and 15) indicate that the displacement thickness for  $R/{\rm ft}=6\times 10^6$  exceeds the maximum scallop height at a distance of about 2 to 3 times farther downstream from the leading edge than for  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6$ .

Hence, a greater protuburence and roughness type drag would likely result at the higher Reynolds number. Further information would be required to determine the exact cause of the difference in the drag increments between the rough and smooth models at the two Reynolds numbers, but clearly the scallop heights have a greater effect on drag at  $R/\text{ft} = 6 \times 10^6$ . The effect of Reynolds number tends to disappear at both the lower and higher lift coefficients.

There is essentially no difference in the L/D curves for the rough and smooth models at  $R/\text{ft} = 2 \times 10^6$  throughout the investigated lift range. As shown in figure 5(b), the pitching-moment and angle-of-attack curves exhibit very little effect of Reynolds number, balance, or roughness except for a slight variation in lift at the highest and lowest angles of attack, which may be due to the previously discussed balance accuracy limitations.

Figure 6 shows the comparison of the rough and smooth models at the two Reynolds numbers for a Mach number of 2.4. Again, the Reynolds number effects on drag differences are quite apparent. At  $R/{\rm ft}=6\times 10^6$ , there is a significant difference in the drag levels and the L/D levels of the smooth and the rough models. At  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6$ , however, the differences in the results range up to about 2 drag counts near  $C_L=0$ . Though there appears to be some scatter in the data for the smooth model at  $R/{\rm ft}=6\times 10^6$ , the trend of these data generally agrees with that at Mach 2.0.

The pitching-moment data, like those at Mach 2.0, show no effect of roughness, balance, or Reynolds number. In the  $C_L$  versus angle of attack curve, it is assumed that the deviation in the data at high angles of attack may be attributed to the different balances, as seen in figures 3 and 4.

Results of data taken at the two Reynolds numbers indicate that there is a significant effect of Reynolds number on the surface roughness induced drag and on the L/D differences. Surface finish becomes more critical at the higher Reynolds numbers. The remainder of the force plots show the results of data from the smooth model, the medium model (maximum scallop height of 0.002 in.), and the rough model (maximum scallop height of 0.005 in.) at the test Reynolds number per foot of  $2 \times 10^6$  with balance 740. Results from the zero-dihedral, smooth model are also included on these figures but will be discussed in the section on dihedral effects.

### Surface Finish Effects

The drag polars for the three dihedral models at Mach 2.0, shown on figure 7(a), are essentially the same, as are the L/D curves. On figure 7(b), the pitching-moment curve has essentially the same slope throughout the lift range shown. The pitching moment for the medium model differs slightly from the other dihedral models at the negative lift coefficients, but because the rough and smooth models give practically the same values, this difference is probably not attributable to surface finish. The same trend is observable for the lift curve shown in figure 7(b). All the results show the same general lift curve slope; however, there are differences of up to  $0.3^{\circ}$  for a given value of lift.

Results for Mach 2.4 are shown on figure 8. The drag and L/D values for the three dihedral models again agree very well except at the negative lift coefficients, where the results for the medium model show slightly higher levels of drag and slightly higher levels of L/D. Again, the rough and smooth models have excellent agreement at these lift coefficients. Near  $C_L=0$ , where the effects of roughness had shown up previously, the three models differ by only 1 to 2 drag counts, which is within the accuracy of the balance.

The pitching-moment and lift curves on figure 8(b) display the same general trends as at Mach 2.0, except that the pitching-moment curve for the medium model is consistently higher than for the other two models by about 0.002. Results for Mach 2.8, shown in figure 9, show excellent agreement for all three dihedral models.

Figure 10 shows the effect of scallop height on the lateral-directional stability parameters as a function of angle of attack. There is no apparent effect of the scallop height on any of the stability results, either for angle of attack or with Mach number for the ranges tested.

Generally, the results shown on figures 7 to 10 would indicate that at a test Reynolds number of  $2 \times 10^6$ , any differences in force data between the models are within the accuracy of the balance at the model test conditions. In the instances where the rough and smooth models have better agreement than the medium and smooth, it would appear that the reasons are attributable either to some slight difference in test condition for the medium model or to the fact that the rough and smooth models were the same model, tested before and after smoothing, and the medium model was a separate model, but not to the surface finish of the model itself.

#### **Dihedral Effects**

Dihedral effects can be assessed by comparing results from the flat, zero-dihedral wing with those from the smooth dihedral wings. The effects on the longitudinal data are shown in figures 7, 8, and 9 and those on the lateral-directional stability parameters in figure 10. Generally the same trend in longitudinal data between the flat wing and the dihedral wings is evident at the three Mach numbers shown. Near  $C_L = 0$ , drag levels for the flat wing vary from the same levels as the dihedral wings to 1 to 2 counts lower. The most significant difference occurs at the higher lift coefficients where the flat wing drag is approximately 4 counts lower than the dihedral wing drag at Mach 2.0. This difference increases to approximately 8 counts for Mach 2.8. Comparable increases in L/D for the flat wing occur at the higher lift coefficients.

The largest effect of dihedral is apparent in the lateral-directional stability parameters shown in figure 10. The yawing-moment derivative increases because of dihedral, and the rolling-moment derivative and the side-force derivative decrease because of dihedral.

## Flow Visualization Photographs

In addition to longitudinal- and lateral-force data and derivatives, flow visualization provides valuable information to the aerodynamicist. Through the use of oil flow, schlieren, and vapor-screen photographs, the researcher is able to identify flow phenomena such as separation, leading-edge vortices, and shocks, all of which affect the resulting forces and moments on the aircraft. If meaningful flow visualization is hampered by the milling machine scallops, then these models are not acceptable to the aerodynamicist.

## Oil Flow Photographs

To assess the effect of the scallops on oil flow visualization, several photographs are included (figs. 11 through 17). Oil flow visualization photographs were not obtained for the smooth or medium dihedral models. They were, however, obtained for the rough dihedral at both Reynolds numbers at Mach 2.0 and Mach 2.4. Photographs were taken of the top and bottom of the model at several angles of attack. To provide a comparison, oil flow photographs of the smooth flat model at two angles of attack are included. A schedule of the oil flow photographs is included in table II.

Table II. Oil Flow Photograph Schedule

		Angle of	Mach	Reynolds	Side
Figure	Model	attack, deg	number	number	viewed
11(a)	Flat	0	2.4	$2 \times 10^{6}$	Top
(b)		5			
12(a)	Rough	-5	2.4	$2 \times 10^{6}$	Bottom
(b)		0			
(c)		5			
13(a)	Rough	-5	2.4	$2 \times 10^{6}$	Top
(b)		0			
(c)		5			
14(a)	Rough	-5	2.0	$6 \times 10^{6}$	Bottom
(b)		0			
(c)		5			
15(a)	Rough	-5	2.0	$6 \times 10^{6}$	Top
(b)		0			
(c)		5			
16(a)	Rough	-5	2.4	$6 \times 10^6$	Bottom
(b)		0			
(c)		5			
17(a)	Rough	0	2.4	$6 \times 10^{6}$	Top
(b)		5			_

Oil flow photographs of the flat uncambered wing are shown in figure 11 at  $\alpha=0^{\circ}$  and 5°. The flow types shown in these figures are representative of those expected on both the flat and dihedral models. As shown in figure 11(a), when the flat wing is at  $\alpha=0^{\circ}$ , the flow across the wing is smooth and attached. At  $\alpha=5^{\circ}$ , several types of flow can be seen on the model, including (1) a leading-edge vortex that originates near the apex and sweeps across the wing, and (2) separation at the wing tips. This type of flow pattern is expected on the dihedral wing when it is tested near these conditions.

Since dihedral tests were made at two Reynolds numbers, oil flow photographs representative of each Reynolds number are included in figures 12 through 17. Since the dihedral wing, unlike the flat wing, is different on the upper and lower surfaces, photographs of both surfaces are also included. Most oil flow studies were performed at Mach 2.4, but to explore the effect of Mach number, several were conducted at Mach 2.0 and are also included. Figure 12(a) is an oil flow photograph of the rough dihedral at  $R/\text{ft} = 2 \times 10^6$ , Mach 2.4, and shows the bottom of the model at  $\alpha = -5^\circ$ . For this angle, the bottom surface is the leeward surface and a vortex, originating near the apex, sweeps outboard slightly as it progresses down the body. There is a slight spanwise tendency in the flow near the rear center portion of the body, where the scallop heights are greatest and are nearly perpendicular to the flow.

As the model angle of attack is increased from  $-5^{\circ}$  to  $0^{\circ}$ , the vortex, discussed above, disappears. The center portion of this model does not have the nice uniform streamwise flow that occurred on the flat model. The oil appears to be trapped between the scallops and forced into a slightly spanwise direction. The region near the centerline of the model appears to have no oil. At  $\alpha = 5^{\circ}$ , the flow on this windward side of the model appears similar to that which occurs at  $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$ .

The top side of the model under the same test conditions as figure 12 is shown in figure 13. At  $\alpha = -5^{\circ}$  the flow on the outboard wing upper surface is attached and streamwise. Streaks of oil appear near the center of the model. The flow at  $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$  shows essentially the same pattern as at  $\alpha = -5^{\circ}$ . When the model angle of attack is increased to  $5^{\circ}$  (see fig. 13(c)), the vortex can be seen sweeping across the wing. Also, strong spanwise flow on the outboard sections of the rear portion of the wing is obvious. As stated previously, minimal oil patterns appear near the center portion.

Figures 14 and 15 present oil flow photographs of the rough model at  $R/{\rm ft}=6\times 10^6$  and Mach 2.0. The bottom of the model is shown in figure 14 and the top in figure 15. The flow patterns are very similar to those at  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6$ , with a vortex originating near the nose and coming back across the wing. This vortex again disappears when the model is raised to  $\alpha=0^\circ$ , but a streak of oil does run tangential to the center portion of the wing. The flow patterns do not change substantially from  $\alpha=0^\circ$  to  $\alpha=5^\circ$ .

The top of the rough dihedral model at  $R/{\rm ft}=6\times 10^6$  and Mach 2.0 is shown in figure 15. At  $\alpha=-5^\circ$ , there are some streaks of oil but the flow is mostly attached and streamwise on the outboard portions of the wing. At  $\alpha=0^\circ$ , some of the oil streaks disappear near the mid portion of the wing and the outboard flow remains smooth and attached. At  $\alpha=5^\circ$ , the vortex from the nose appears, and there is strong spanwise flow near the trailing edge of the wing. As at the lower Reynolds number, the center portions of the wing, where the scallops are nearly perpendicular to the flow, seem to contain very little oil. Figures 16 and 17 show the rough model at  $R/{\rm ft}=6\times 10^6$  and Mach 2.4. The oil flows for these conditions show essentially the same features as at the lower Mach number.

Though the oil near the center portions of the wing seems to disappear more quickly for the scalloped model at the test conditions shown, the features usually determinable by oil flow techniques, such as separation and vortices, are still very visible on this model.

#### Schlieren Photographs

Figures 18 and 19 present schlieren photographs for the rough dihedral and the smooth dihedral, respectively. The rough model is shown for Mach numbers of 1.8, 2.4, and 2.8, and the smooth model is shown for Mach numbers 2.0, 2.4 and 2.8. Both models are shown for  $\alpha = 5^{\circ}$  and  $R/\text{ft} = 2 \times 10^{6}$ . In figure 18, the bow and trailing-edge shocks are very noticeable. Note, weak waves that appear to emanate from the scallops of the model are evident between the bow and trailing-edge shocks, but these waves have little effect on the resulting data. These embedded shock-like disturbances are more easily seen in figure 18(a), where the shock angle is not quite so steep. The smooth dihedral model is shown

in figure 19. Slight disturbances in the flow can be observed in the photograph shown in figure 19(a), perhaps from the transition grit; however, these are not as strong at the shocks emanating from the rough model.

#### Vapor-Screen Photographs

Vapor-screen photographs of the flat and dihedral models are shown in figures 20 and 21. The vapor-screen photograph of the flat model shown in figure 20 is presented for reference. For the test conditions indicated, a fairly strong nose vortex is visible. Since a consistent set of vapor-screen photographs with the rough and smooth models at these same conditions does not exist, several photographs are shown for conditions that are as close as could be attained. Figure 21(a) contains photographs of the smooth dihedral model at two different locations and of the rough dihedral at one location. Note that the smooth model is at  $\alpha = 5^{\circ}$  and that two well-established vortices are observed at each location. The rough dihedral is at a lower angle of attack, but one can distinguish a separation bubble forming near the leading edge of the model.

Figure 21(b) contains photographs of the smooth and rough dihedral models at x=28 in. The two top photographs are for the same Mach numbers, but the rough dihedral model is at  $\alpha=6^{\circ}$ . At this location on the model, the dihedral of the wing is causing the vortex to be buried in the shadows and barely visible.

Figure 21(c) shows the vapor screen located at x = 40 in.; this is downstream of the base of the model. Note that the tip vortices, the leading-edge vortex, and the trailing-edge shock are all seen in the photographs for both the rough and smooth models. Generally, the degree of surface finish did not significantly impact the observance of the most significant flow features with the vapor-screen technique.

### **Concluding Remarks**

An experimental investigation was conducted to assess the effect of surface finish on the longitudinal and lateral aerodynamic characteristics of a highly swept wing at supersonic speeds. The investigation included tests of four wing models: three models having  $22.5^{\circ}$  of outboard dihedral, identical except for surface finish; and a flat smooth model of the same planform for reference. Of the three dihedral models, one was taken directly from the milling machine after being cut so that the maximum scallop height was 0.005 in., the second cut so that its maximum scallop height was 0.002 in.; and the third hand finished to a smooth surface. Tests were conducted in Test Section 1 of the Langley Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel over a range of Mach numbers from 1.8 to 2.8, a range of angles of attack from  $-5^{\circ}$  to  $8^{\circ}$ , and a Reynolds number per foot of  $2 \times 10^{6}$ . Selected data were also taken at a Reynolds number per foot of  $6 \times 10^{6}$ .

For all test Mach numbers, drag coefficient increases, with the corresponding lift-drag ratio decreases, were the primary aerodynamic effects attributed to increased surface roughness due to the milling machine scallops. These drag and lift-drag ratio increments due to roughness increased as Reynolds number increased. The degree of surface finish did not significantly impact the results of the flow visualization techniques.

NASA Langley Research Center Hampton, VA 23665-5225 June 2, 1989

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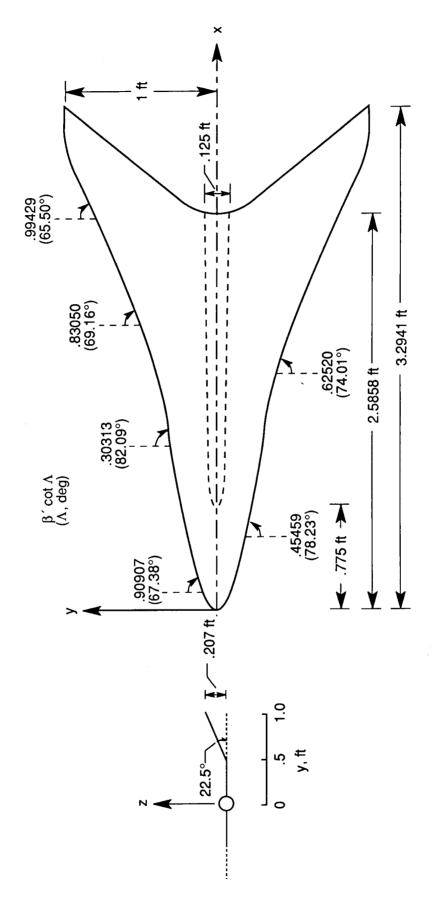
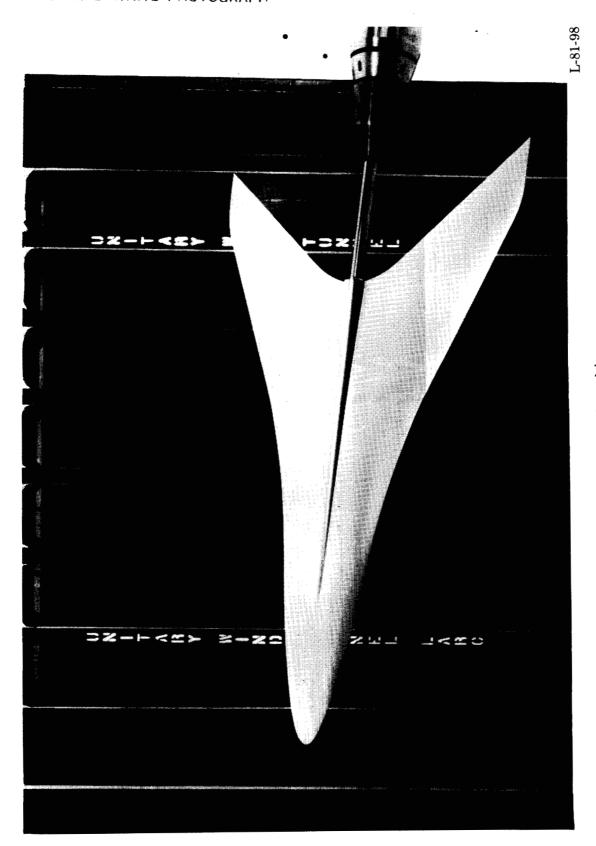


Figure 1. Wing planform and dihedral. Wing area = 2.5375 ft<sup>2</sup>.

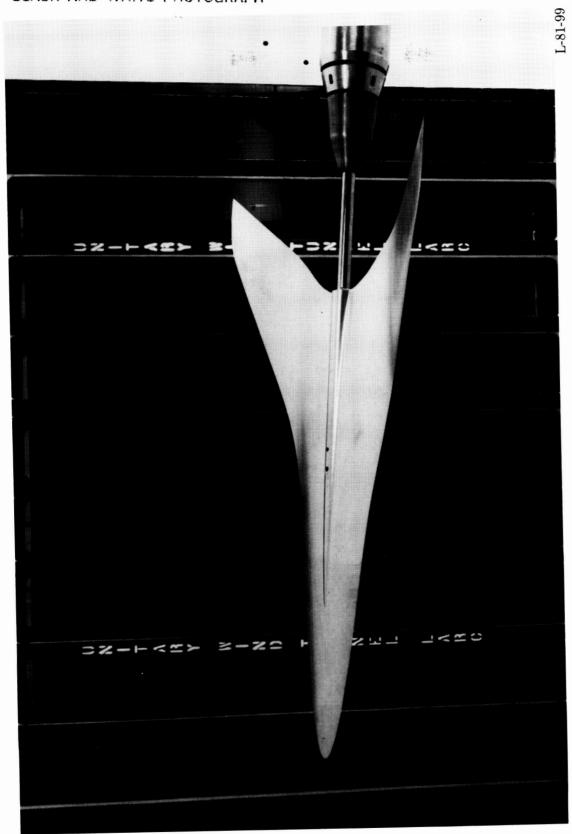
## ORIGINAL PAGE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH



(a) Flat smooth model.

Figure 2. Photographs of test models.

## ORIGINAL PAGE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH



(b) Smooth dihedral.

Figure 2. Continued.

## ORIGINAL PAGĒ BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH



(c) Medium dihedral.

Figure 2. Continued.

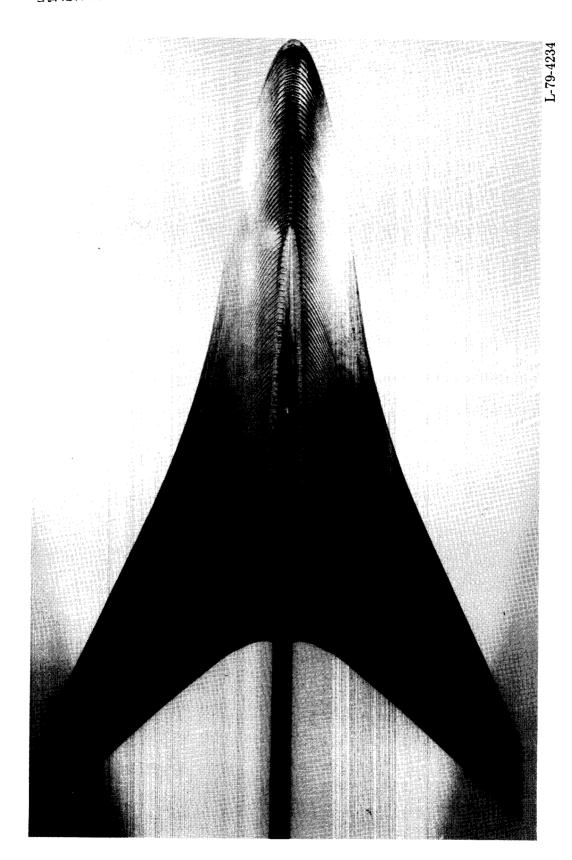
## ORIGINAL PAGE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH



(d) Close-up of medium dihedral.

Figure 2. Continued.

# ORIGINAL FAGE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH



(e) Rough dihedral.

Figure 2. Concluded.

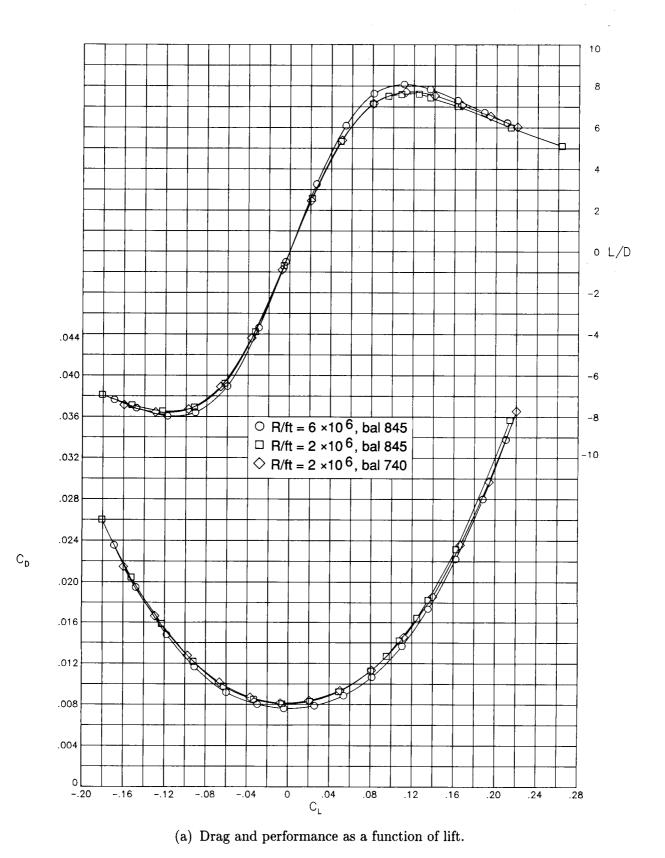
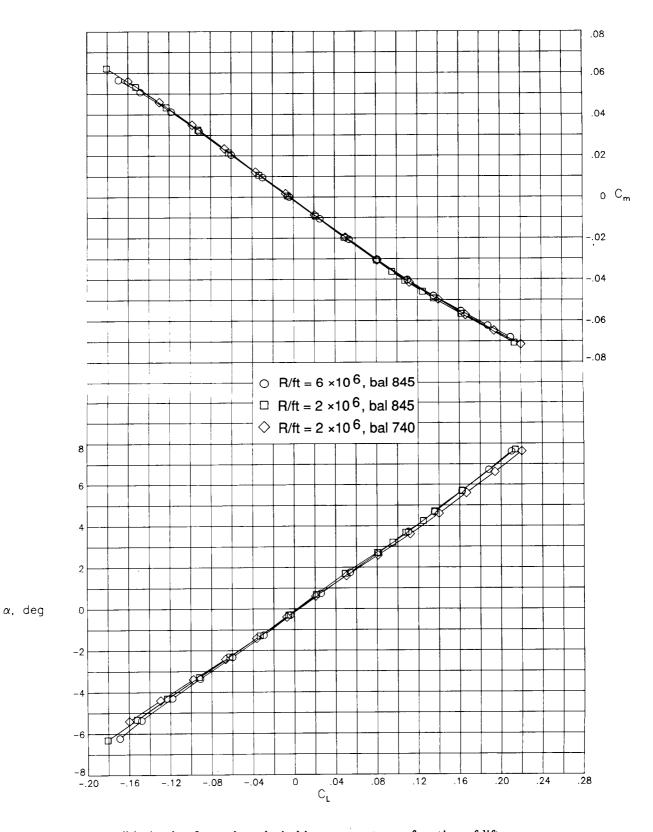
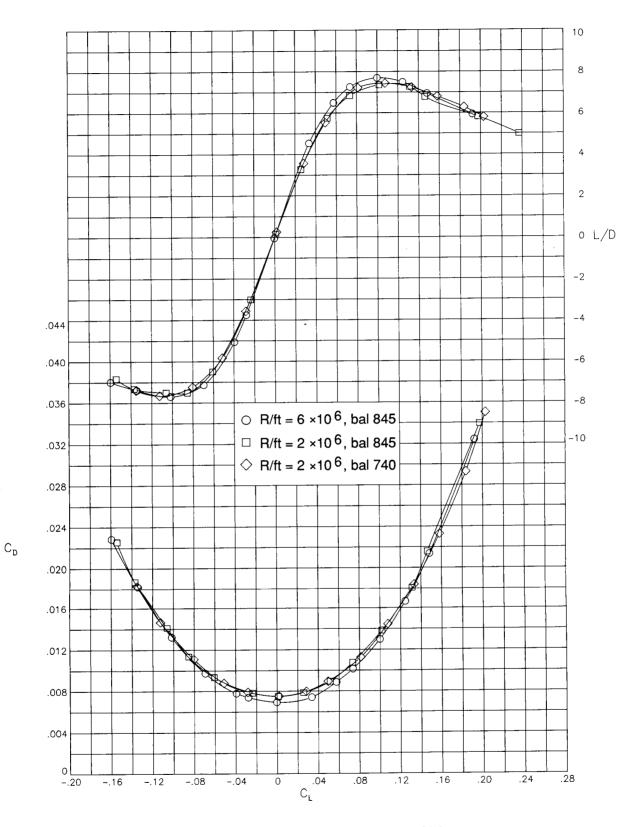


Figure 3. Balance and Reynolds number effects on rough dihedral; M=2.0.



(b) Angle of attack and pitching moment as a function of lift.

Figure 3. Concluded.



(a) Drag and performance as a function of lift.

Figure 4. Balance and Reynolds number effects on rough dihedral; M=2.4.

.06 .04 .02 -.02 -.04 -.06 -.08  $\circ$  R/ft = 6 ×10 6, bal 845  $\Box$  R/ft = 2 ×10 6, bal 845  $\Diamond$  R/ft = 2 ×10 6, bal 740  $\alpha$ , deg -2 .04 C<sub>L</sub> -.16 -.12 -.08 -.04 .08 .12 .16 .20 .24

(b) Angle of attack and pitching moment as a function of lift.

Figure 4. Concluded.

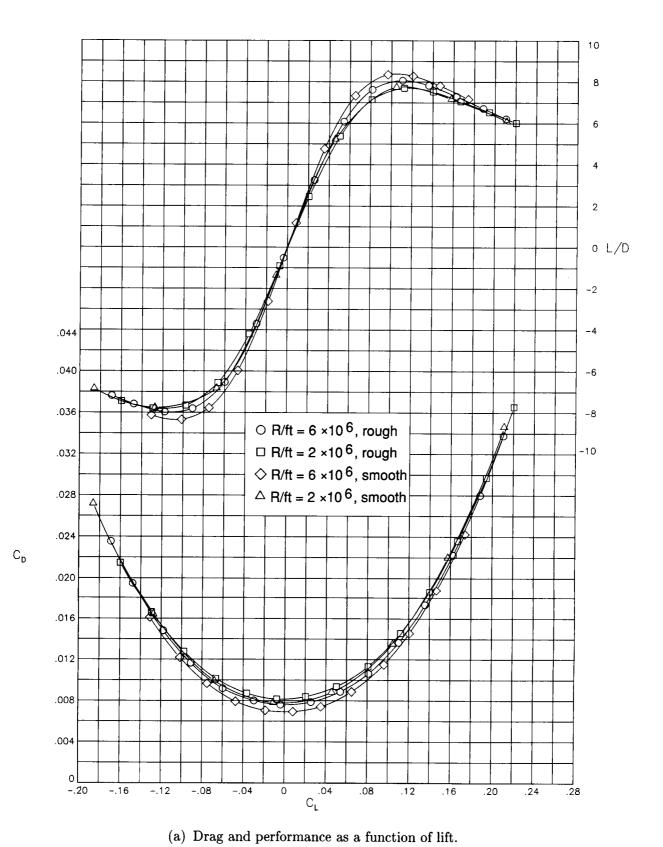
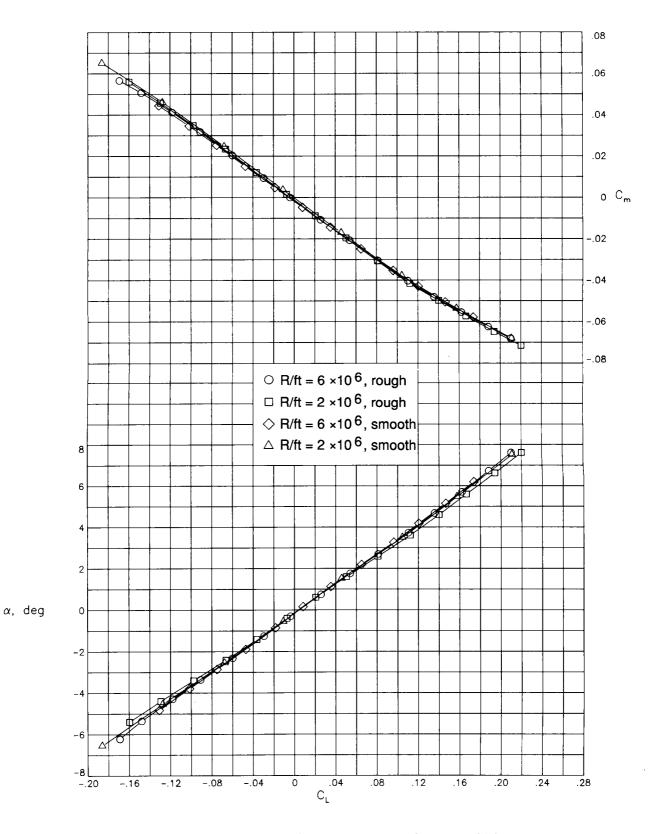


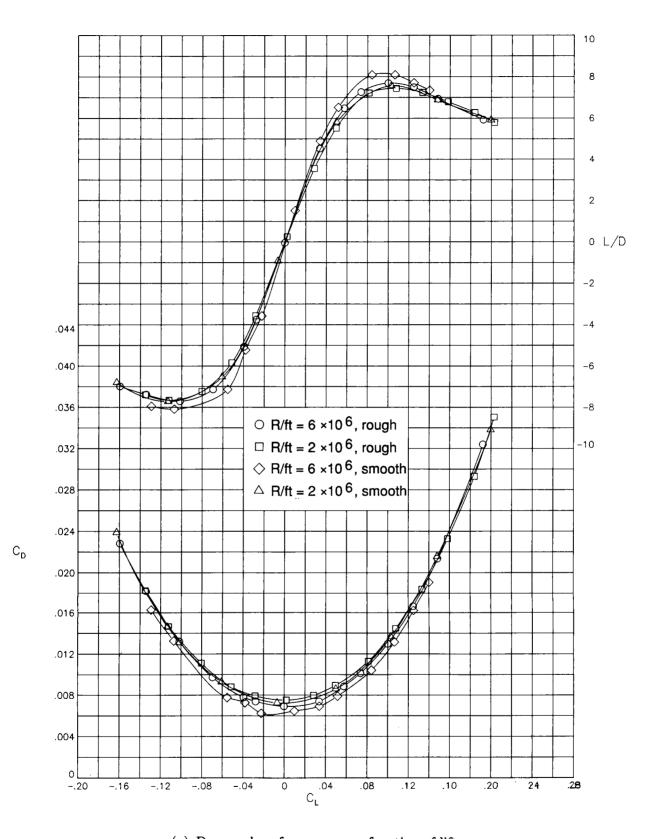
Figure 5. Reynolds number effect on rough and smooth models; M = 2.0.

21



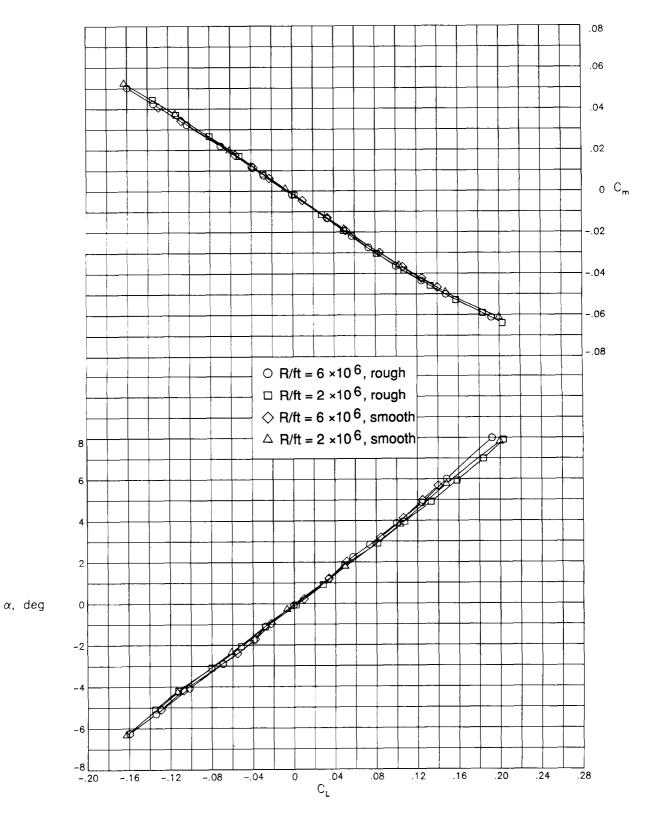
(b) Angle of attack and pitching moment as a function of lift.

Figure 5. Concluded.



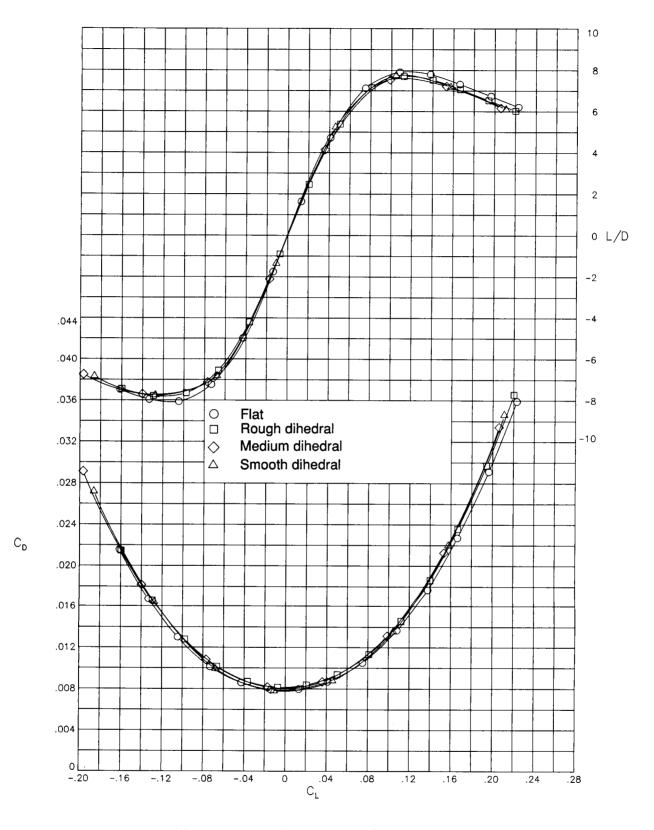
(a) Drag and performance as a function of lift.

Figure 6. Reynolds number effect on rough and smooth models; M = 2.4.



(b) Angle of attack and pitching moment as a function of lift.

Figure 6. Concluded.



(a) Drag and performance as a function of lift.

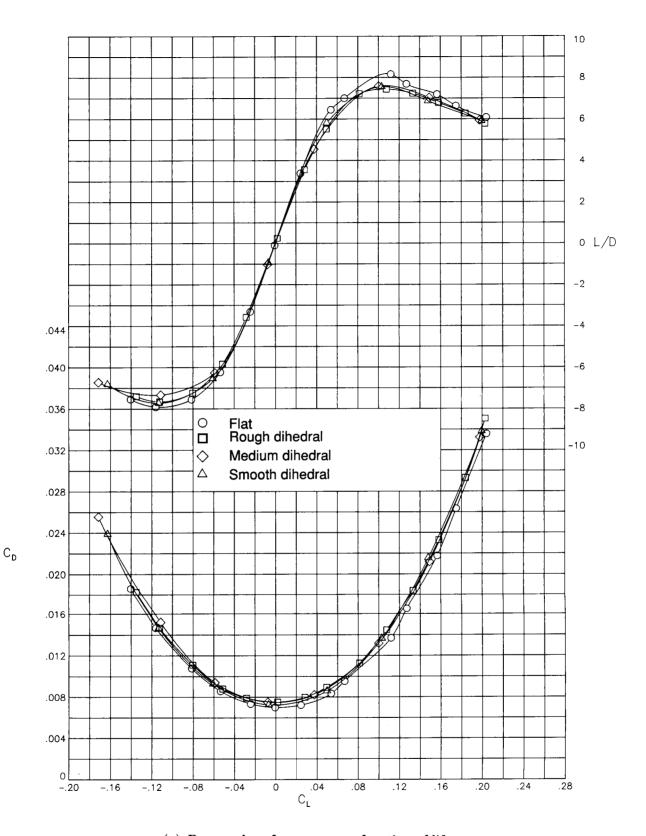
Figure 7. Effect of scallop height on experimental results;  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6;\ M=2.0.$ 

.08 .06 .04 .02 0 C<sub>m</sub> -.02 -.04 -.06 -.08 Flat Rough dihedral 0  $\Diamond$ Medium dihedral Δ Smooth dihedral 6 -2 -.16 -.12 -.08 -.04 .04 .08 .12 .16 .20 .28

(b) Angle of attack and pitching moment as a function of lift.

Figure 7. Concluded.

α, deg



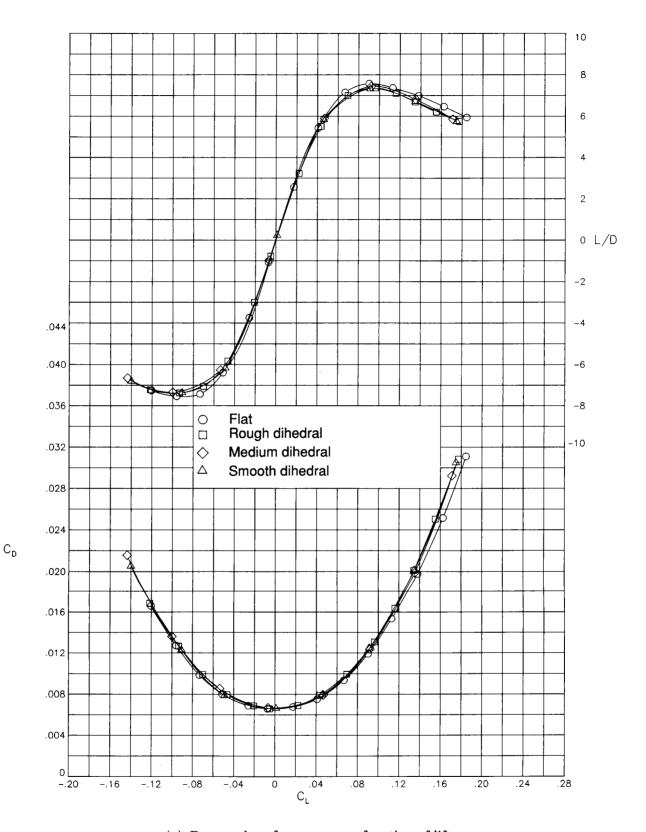
(a) Drag and performance as a function of lift.

Figure 8. Effect of scallop height on experimental results;  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6;\ M=2.4.$ 

.08 .06 .04 .02 0 C<sub>m</sub> -.02 -.04 -.06 -.08 0 Flat Rough dihedral  $\Diamond$ Medium dihedral Smooth dihedral α, deg -2 -8 -.20 .04 C<sub>L</sub> .08 -.16 -.12 -.08 -.04 0 .12 .16 .28

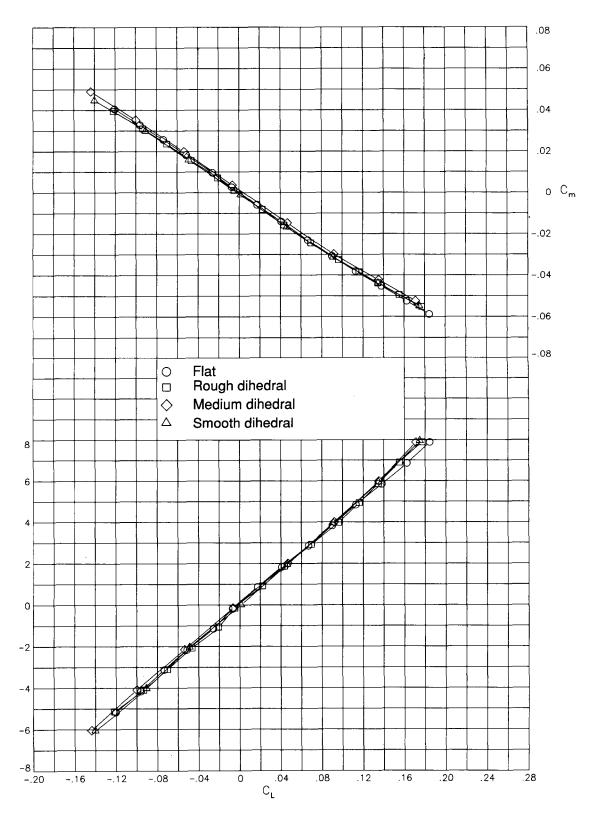
(b) Angle of attack and pitching moment as a function of lift.

Figure 8. Concluded.



(a) Drag and performance as a function of lift.

Figure 9. Effect of scallop height on experimental results;  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6;~M=2.8.$ 



(b) Angle of attack and pitching moment as a function of lift.

Figure 9. Concluded.

 $\alpha$ , deg

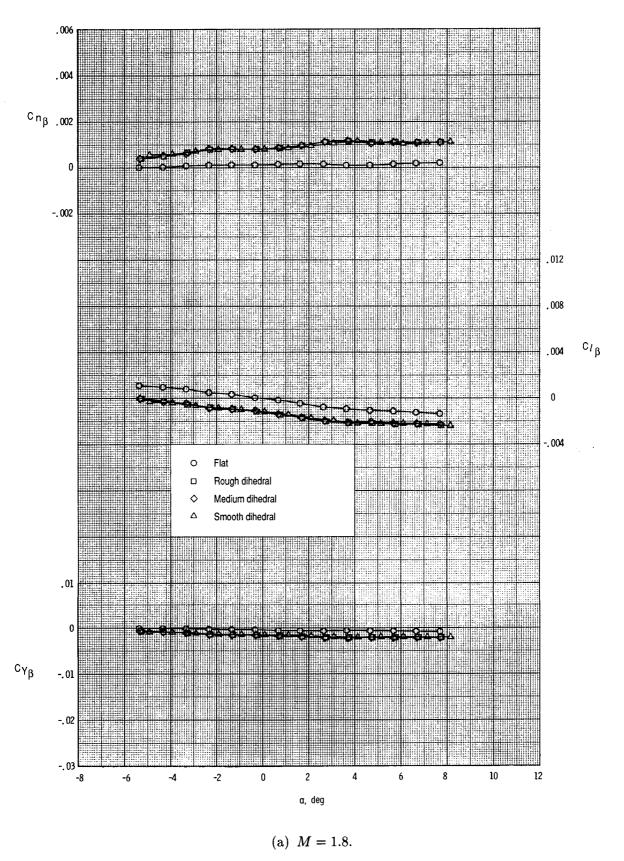
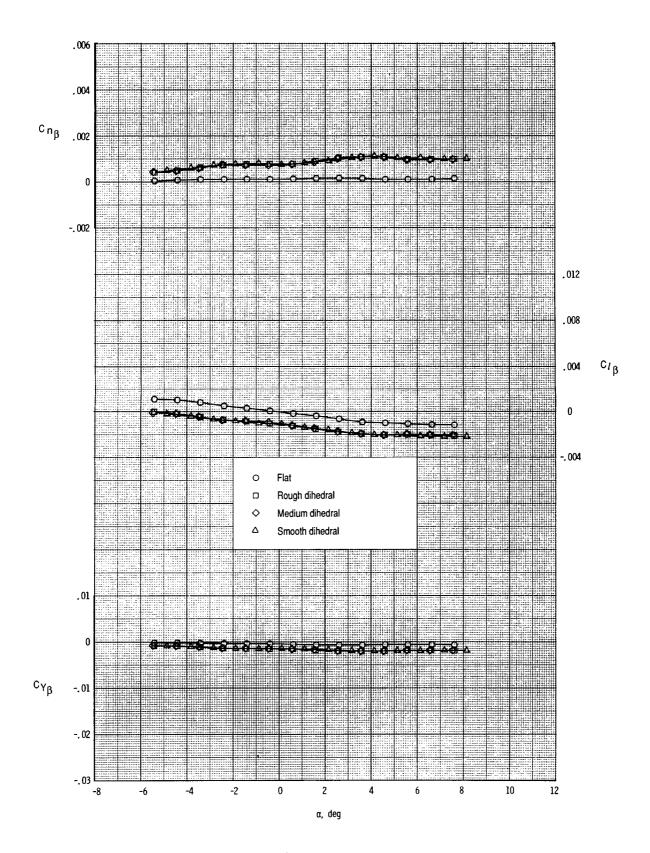
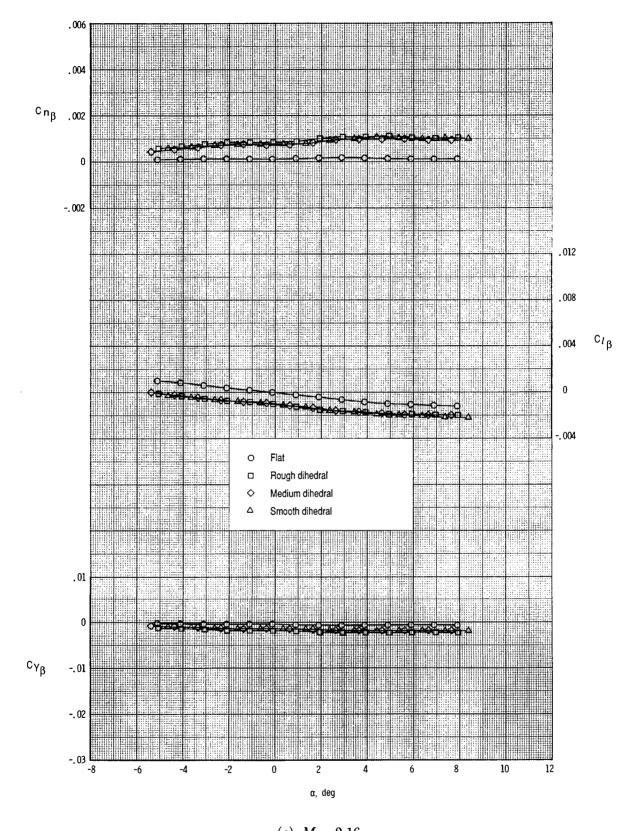


Figure 10. Effect of scallop height on stability parameters as a function of  $\alpha$ ;  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6$ .



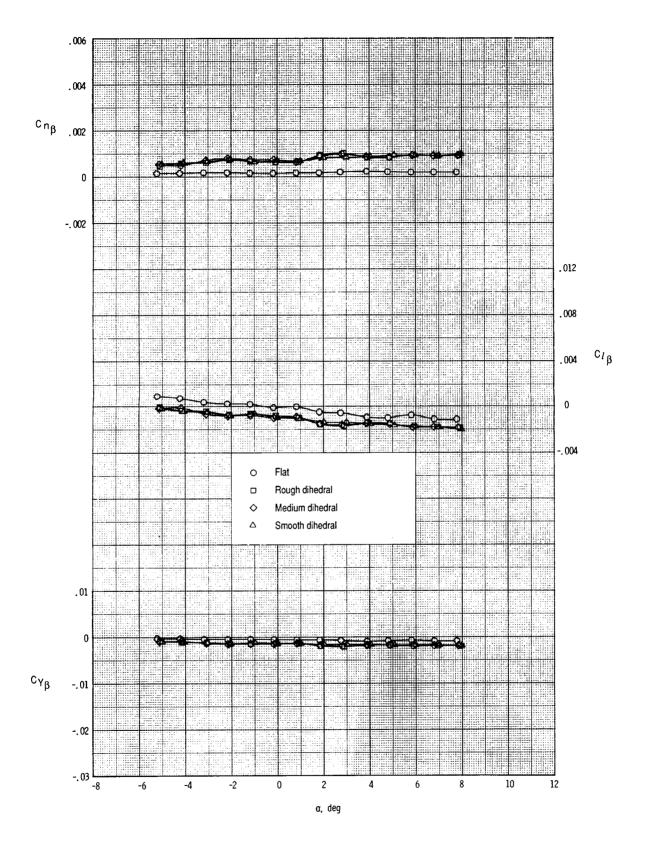
(b) M = 2.0.

Figure 10. Continued.



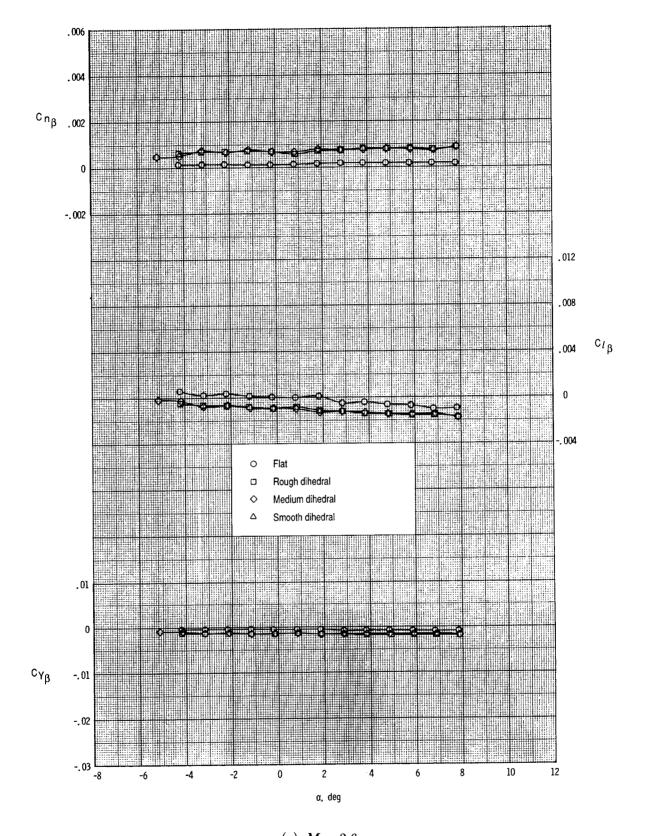
(c) M = 2.16.

Figure 10. Continued.



(d) M = 2.4.

Figure 10. Continued.



(e) M = 2.6.

Figure 10. Continued.

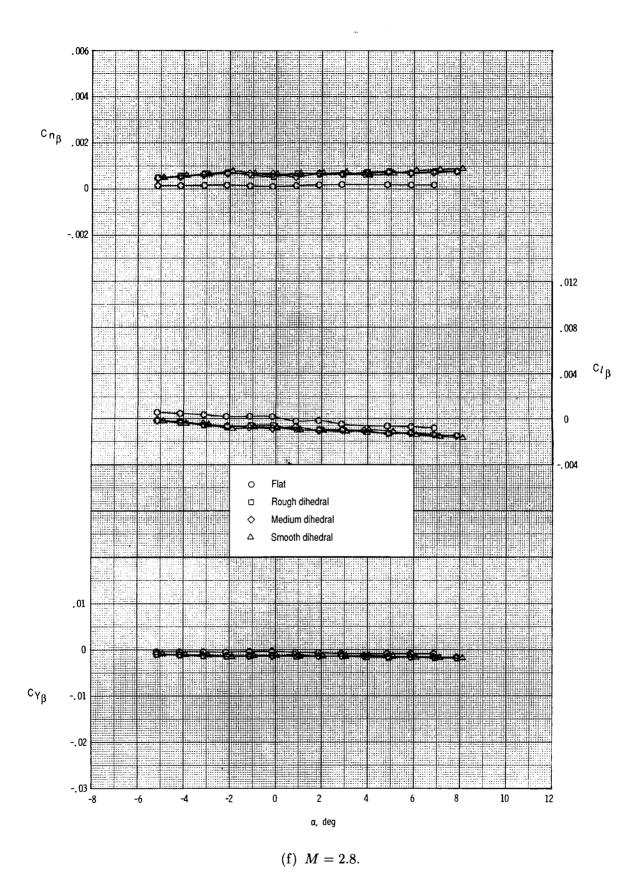
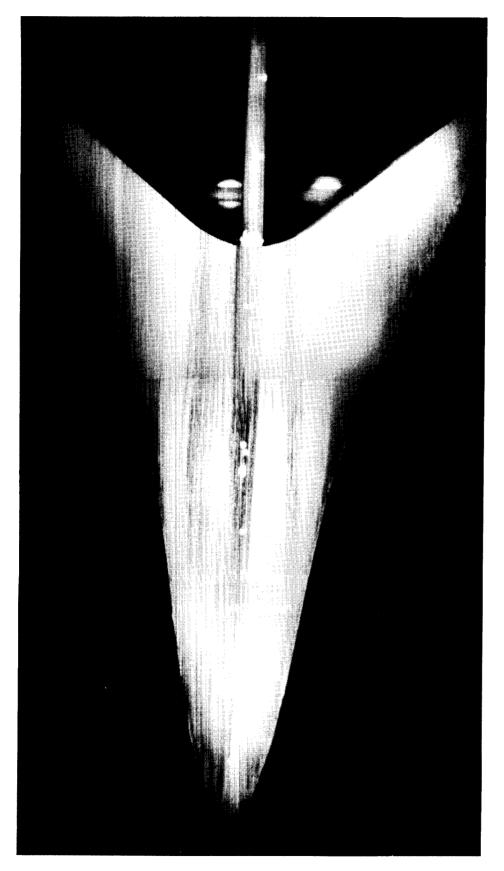
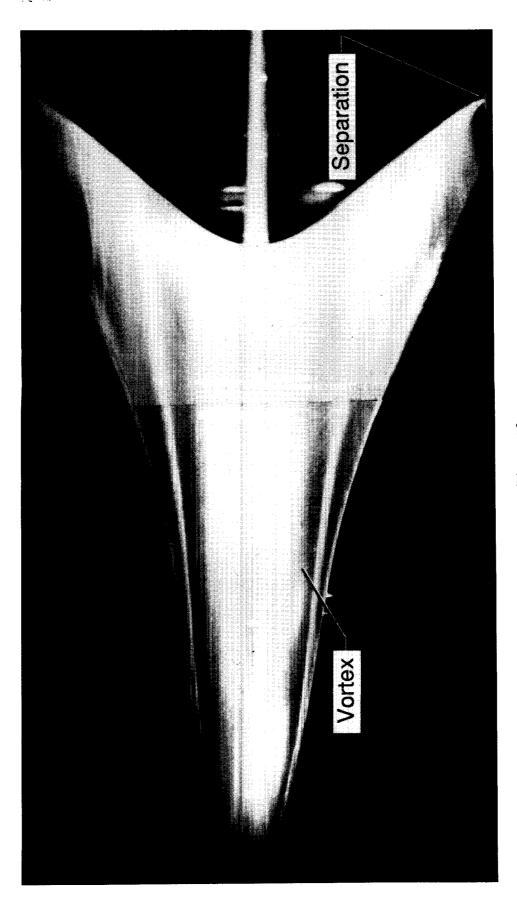


Figure 10. Concluded.



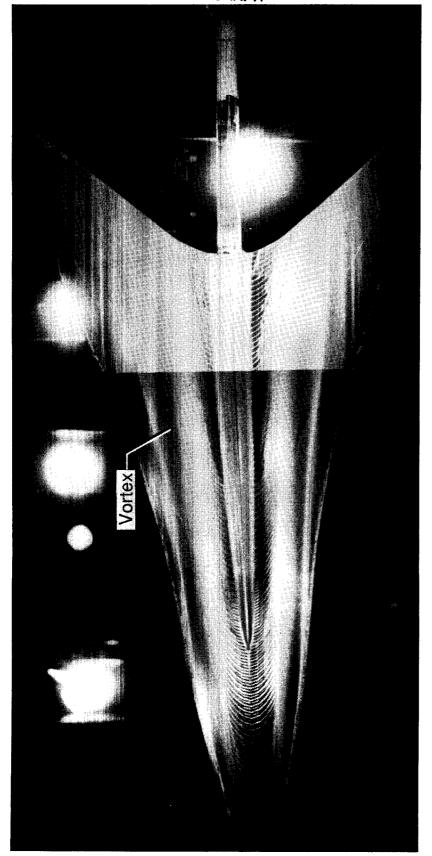
(a)  $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$ .

Figure 11. Oil flow photograph of flat wing; M=2.4.



(b)  $\alpha = 5^{\circ}$ .

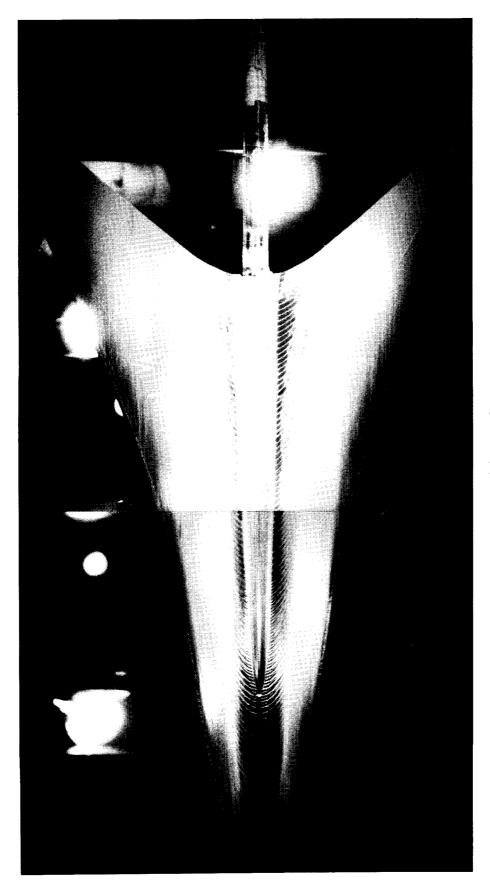
Figure 11. Concluded.



(a)  $\alpha = -5^{\circ}$ .

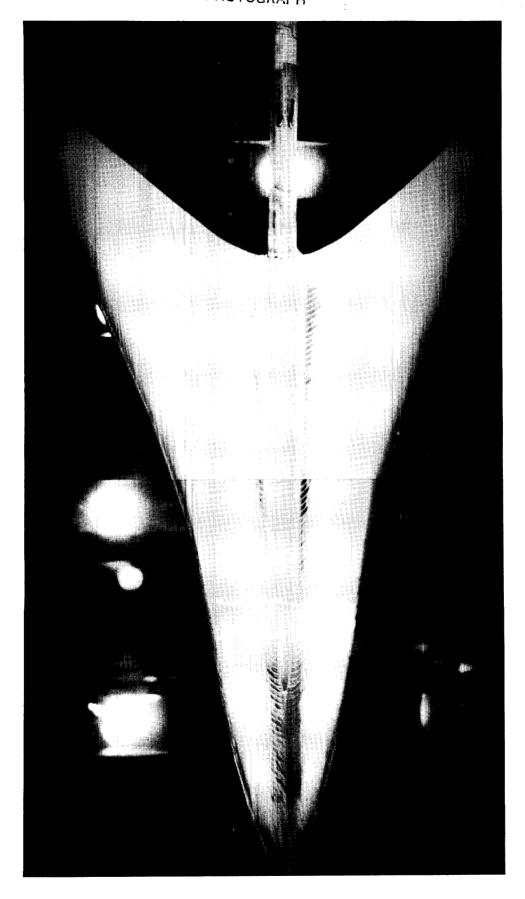
Figure 12. Oil flow photograph of rough dihedral model;  $M=2.4;\ R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6;$  bottom.

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(b)  $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$ .

Figure 12. Continued.



(c)  $\alpha = 5^{\circ}$ .

Figure 12. Concluded.

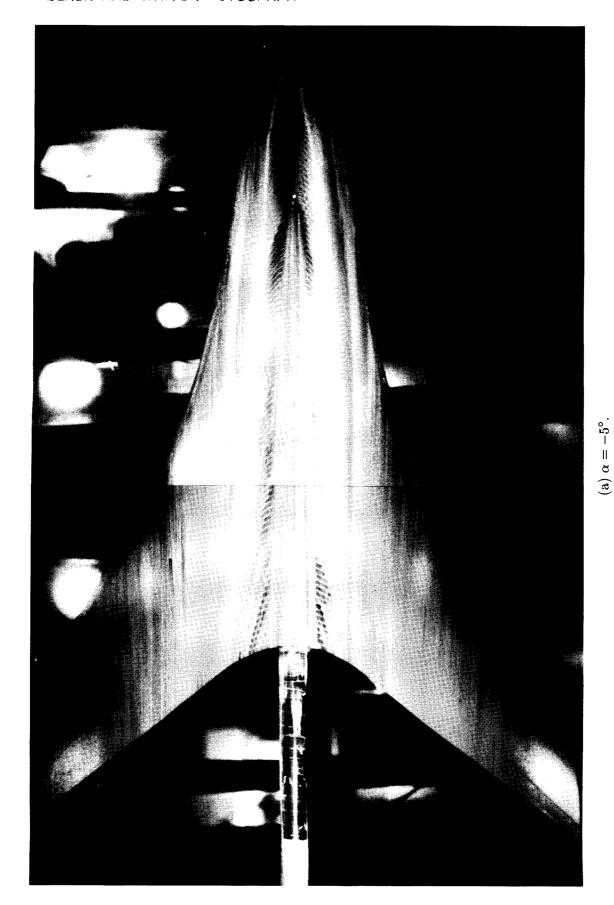
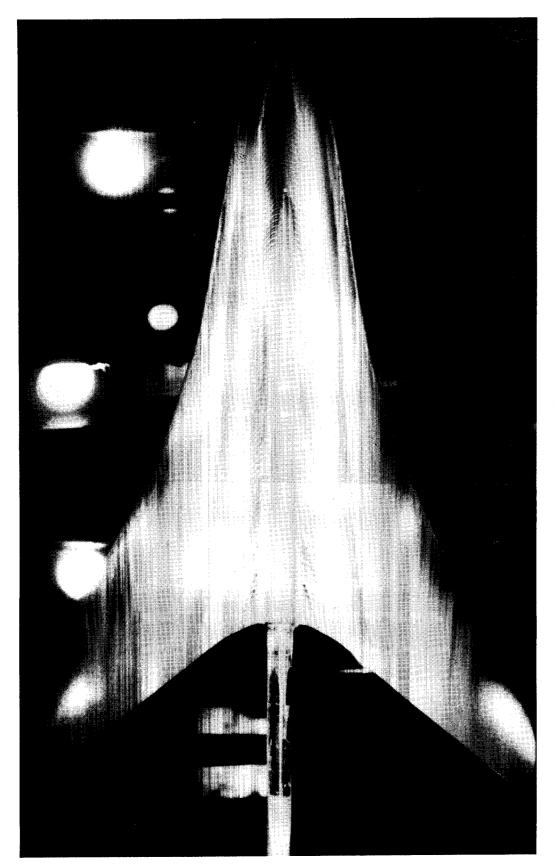


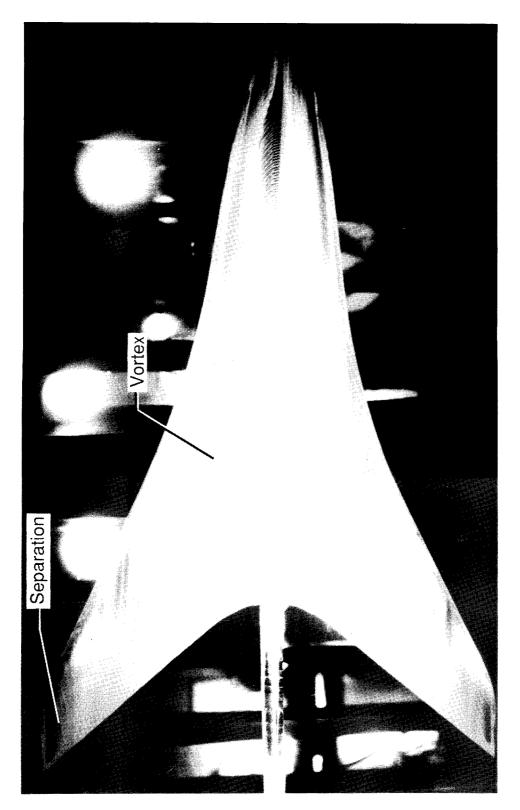
Figure 13. Oil flow photograph of rough dihedral;  $M=2.4;\ R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6;$  top.

## GRIGINAL FAGE COMMENTS OF THE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH



(b)  $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$ .

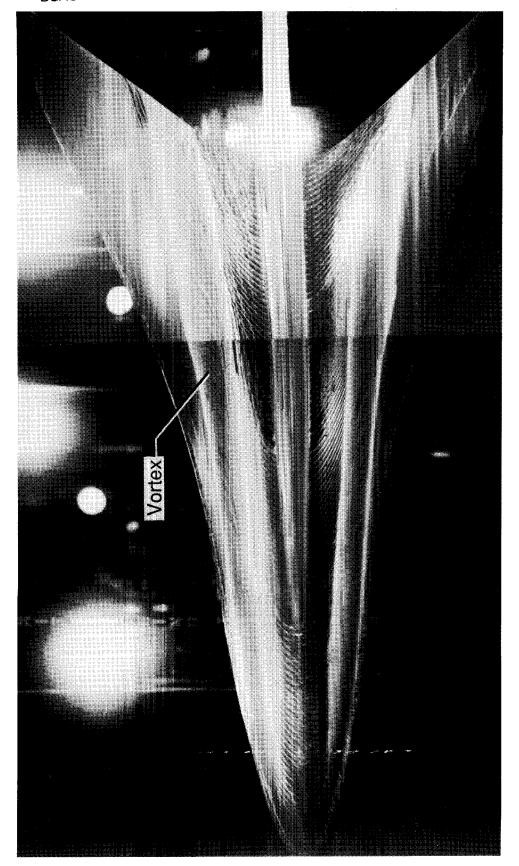
Figure 13. Continued.



(c)  $\alpha = 5^{\circ}$ .

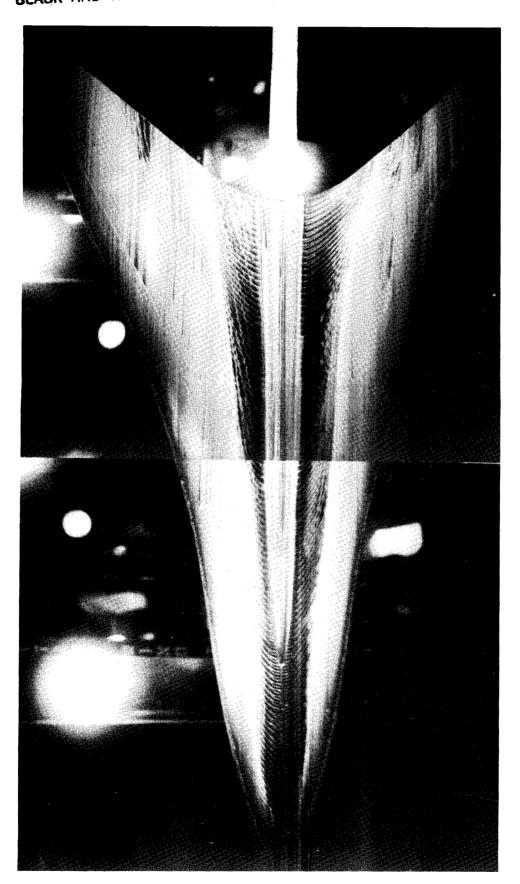
Figure 13. Concluded.

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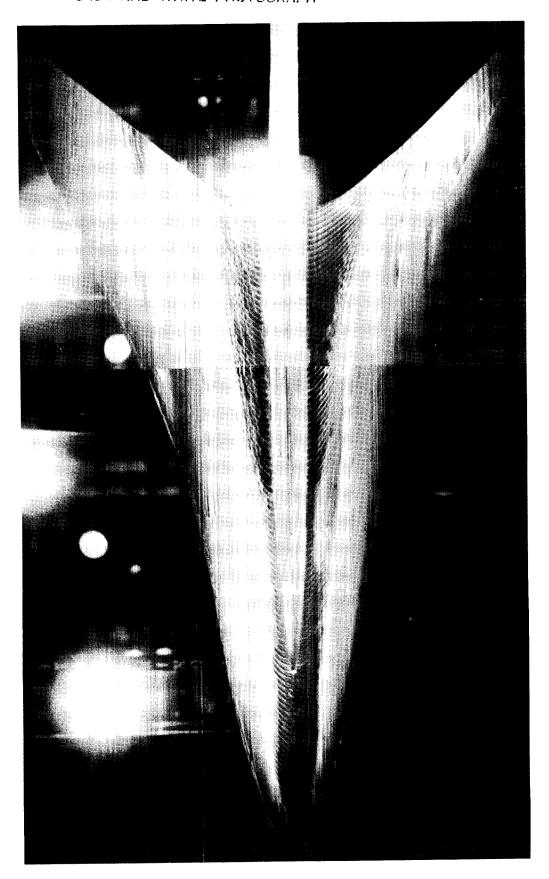
(a)  $\alpha = -5^{\circ}$ .

Figure 14. Oil flow photograph of rough dihedral;  $R/\mathrm{ft}=6\times10^6;\,M=2.0;\,\mathrm{bottom}.$ 



(b)  $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$ .

Figure 14. Continued.



(c)  $\alpha = 5^{\circ}$ .

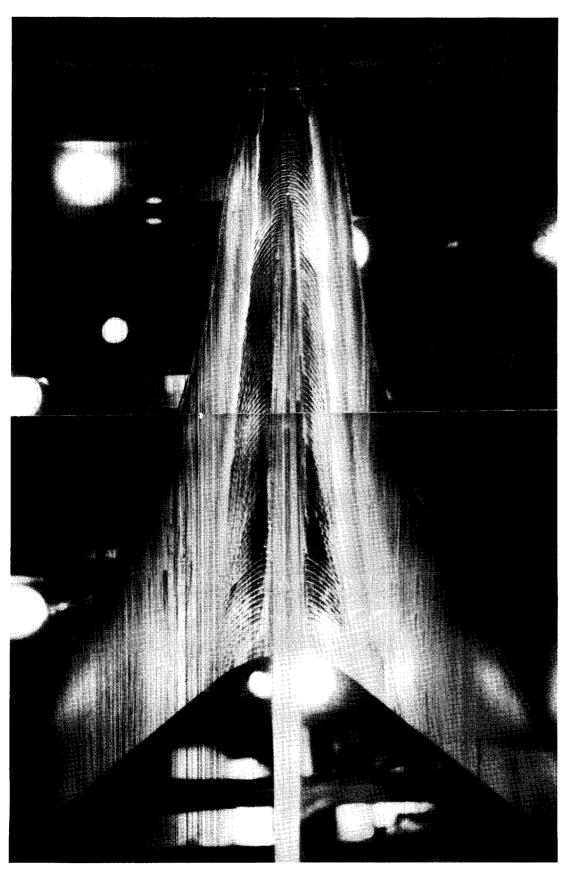
Figure 14. Concluded.



(a)  $\alpha = -5^{\circ}$ .

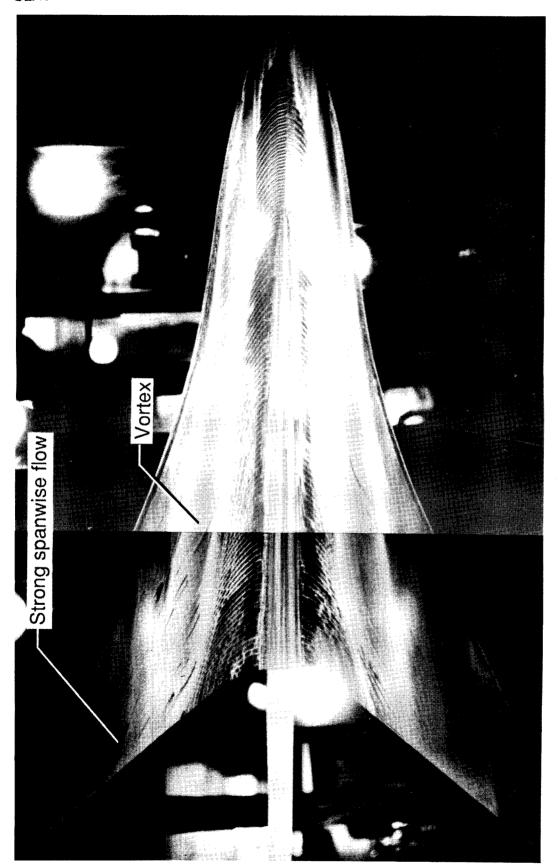
Figure 15. Oil flow photograph of rough dihedral model;  $R/\mathrm{ft} = 6 \times 10^6$ ; M = 2.0; top.

## BLACK AND WHITE PROTOCRAPH



(b)  $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$ .

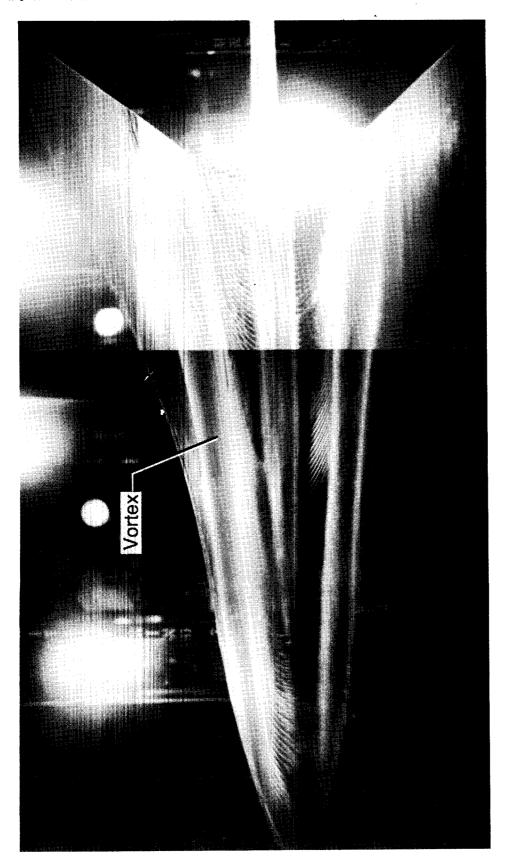
Figure 15. Continued.



(c)  $\alpha = 5^{\circ}$ .

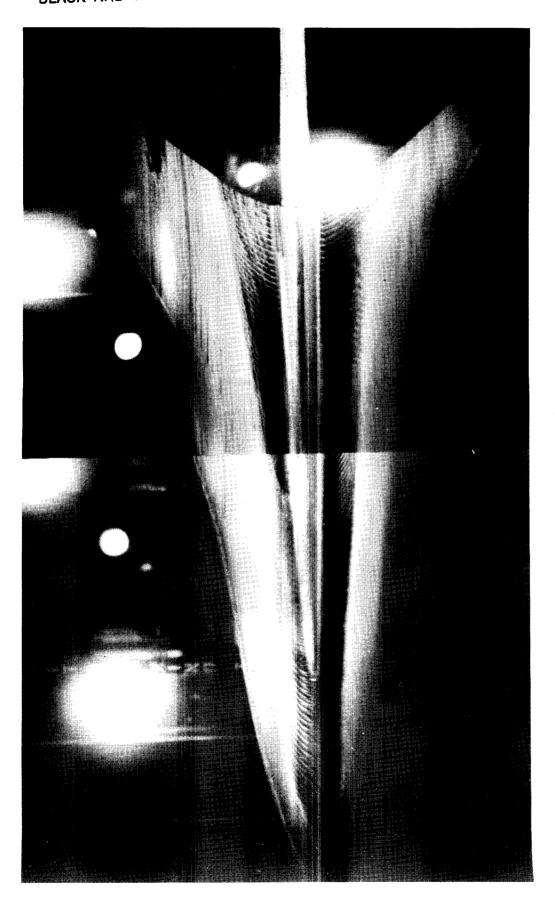
Figure 15. Concluded.

#### OPERINAL FACT BUNCK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH



(a)  $\alpha = -5^{\circ}$ .

Figure 16. Oil flow photograph of rough dihedral;  $M=2.4;\ R/{\rm ft}=6\times10^6;$  bottom.



(b)  $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$ .

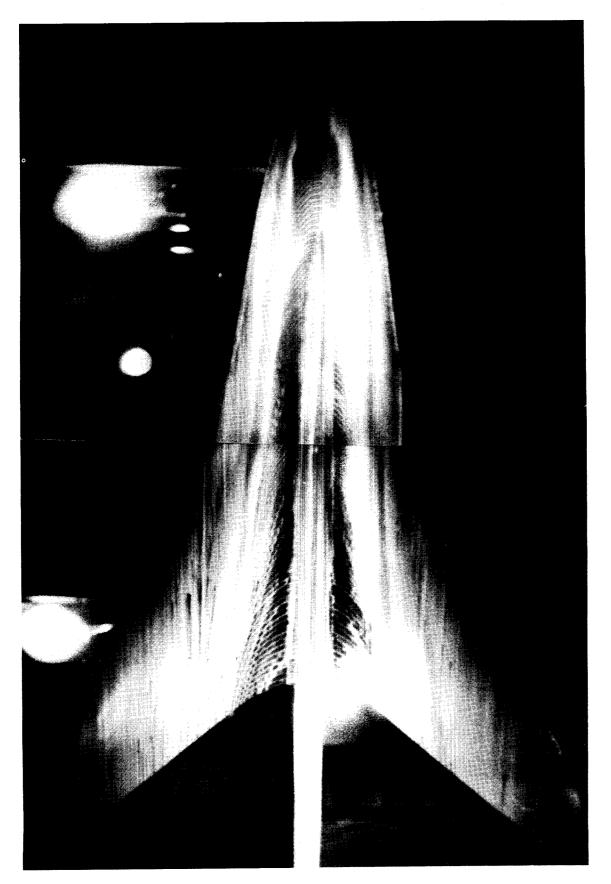
Figure 16. Continued.

OFIGINAL PAGE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH



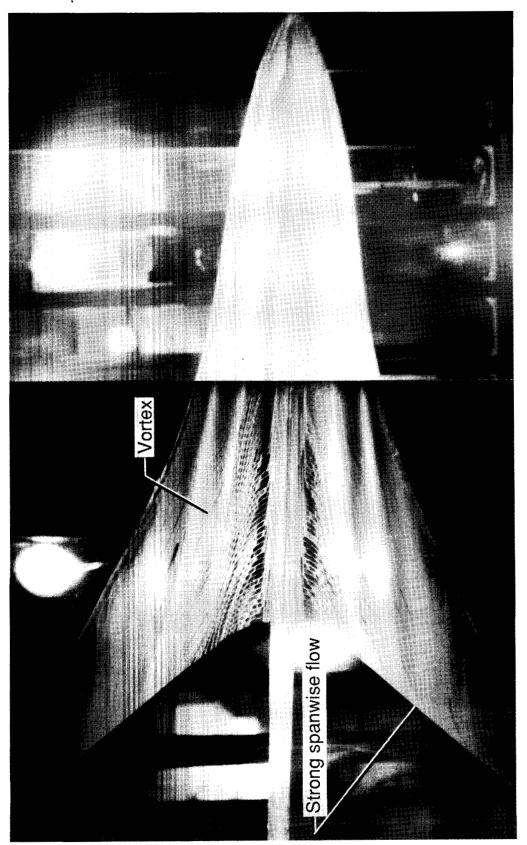
(c)  $\alpha = 5^{\circ}$ .

Figure 16. Concluded.



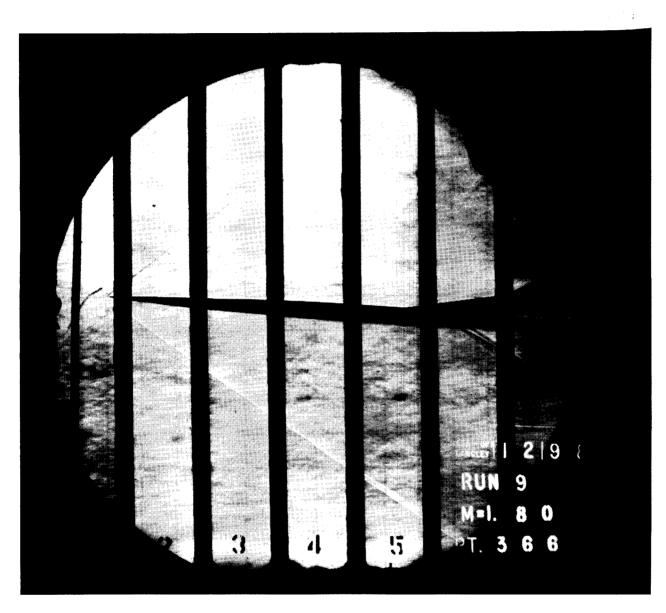
(a)  $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$ .

Figure 17. Oil flow photograph of rough dihedral;  $M=2.4;\ R/\mathrm{ft}=6\times10^6;\ \mathrm{top}.$ 



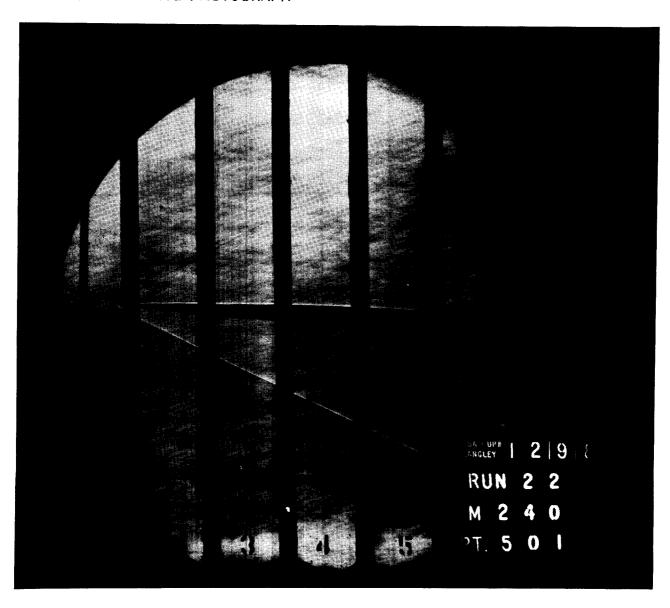
(b)  $\alpha = 5$ .

Figure 17. Concluded.



(a) M = 1.8.

Figure 18. Schlieren photograph of rough dihedral;  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6;~\alpha=5^\circ.$ 



(b) M = 2.4.

Figure 18. Continued.

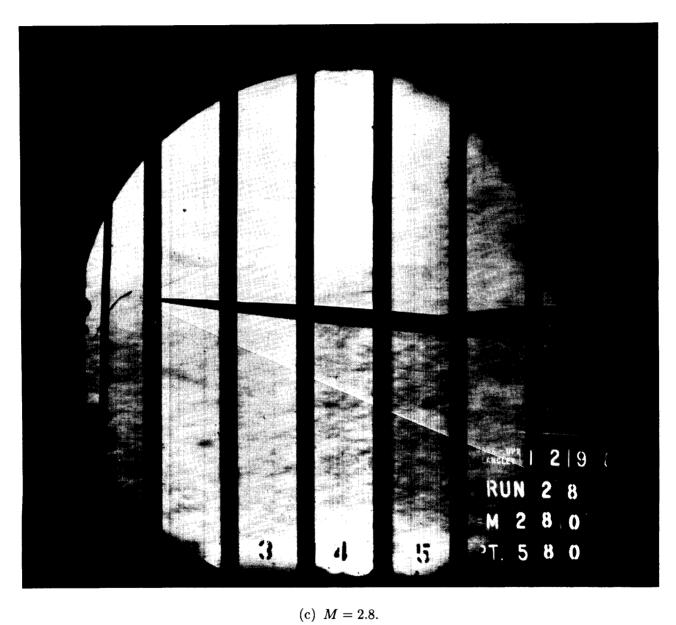
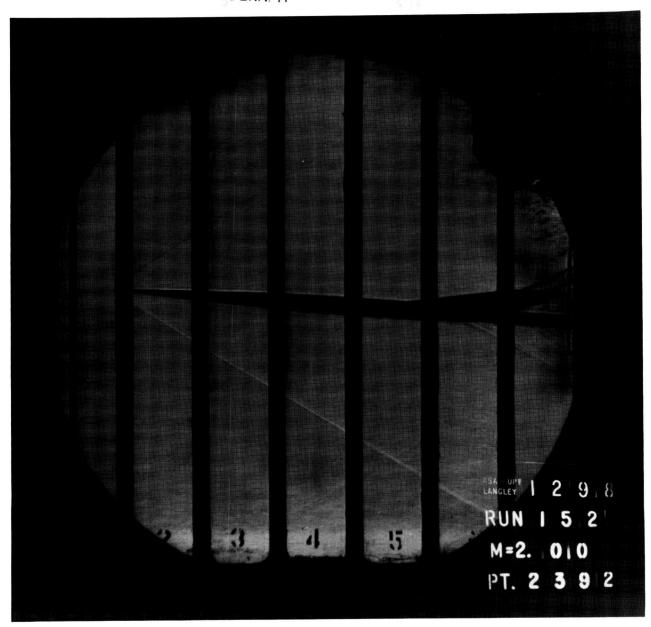
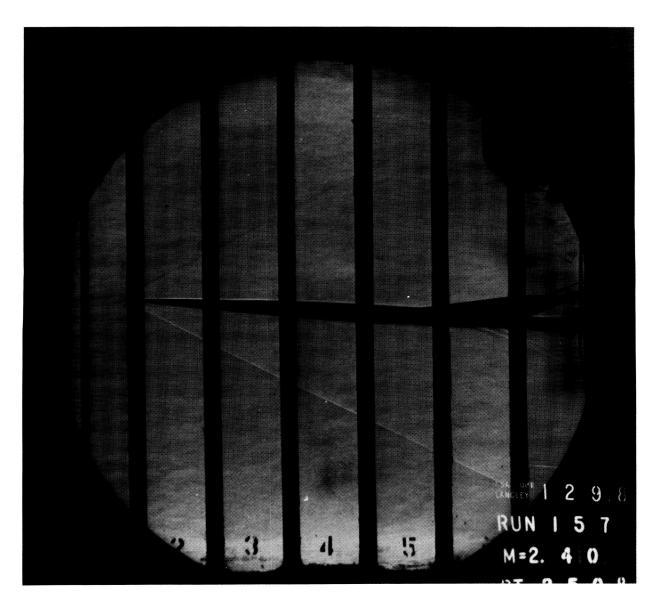


Figure 18. Concluded.



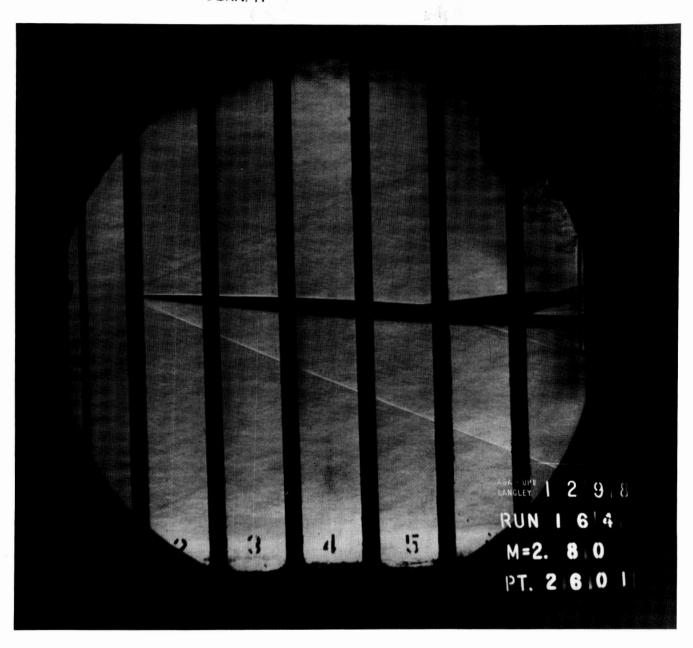
(a) M = 2.0.

Figure 19. Schlieren photograph of smooth dihedral;  $R/{\rm ft}=2\times 10^6;~\alpha=5^\circ.$ 



(b) M = 2.4.

Figure 19. Continued.



(c) M = 2.8.

Figure 19. Concluded.

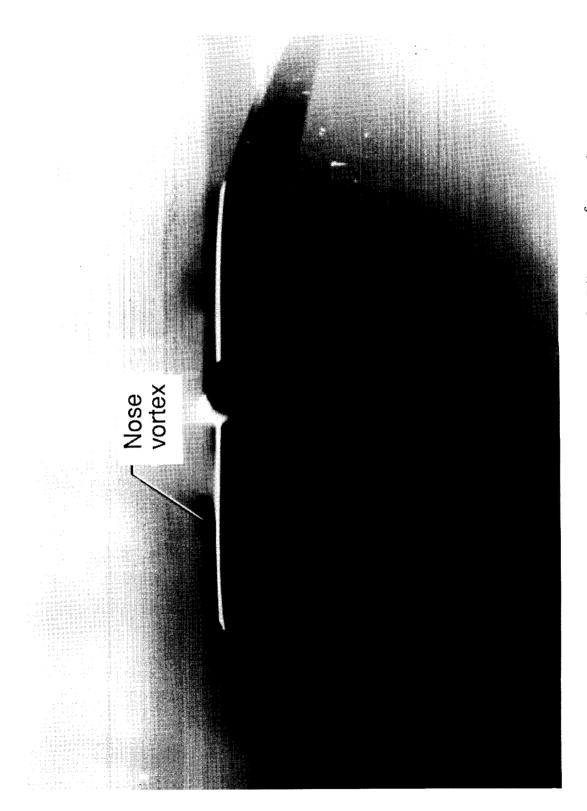
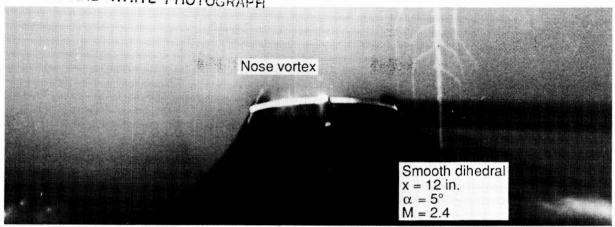
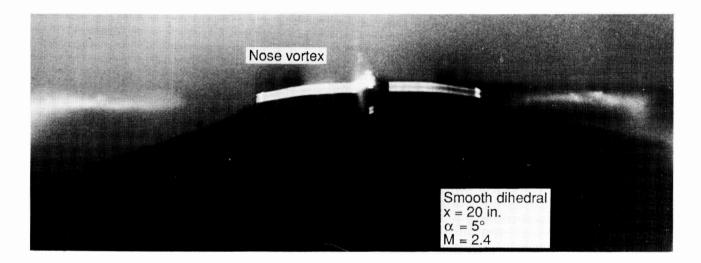
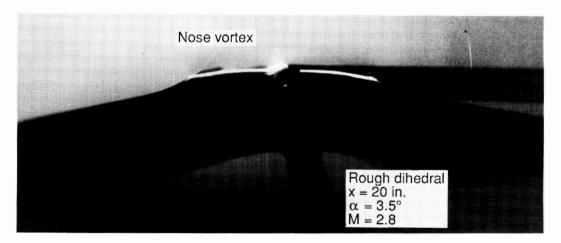


Figure 20. Vapor-screen photograph of flat wing;  $M=2.4^\circ;\ R/{\rm ft}=2\times10^6;\ \alpha=5^\circ.$ 

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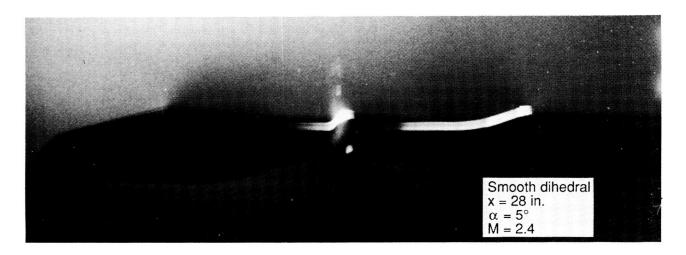


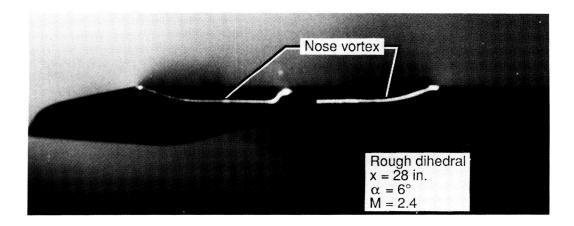


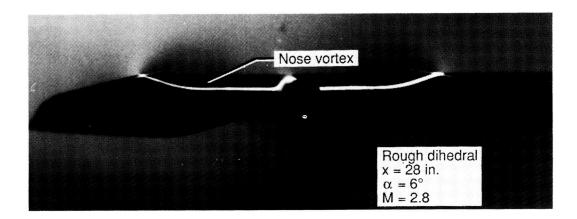


(a) x = 12 in. and 20 in.

Figure 21. Vapor-screen photographs of rough and smooth dihedral models.





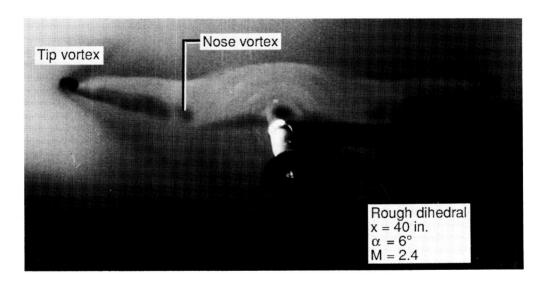


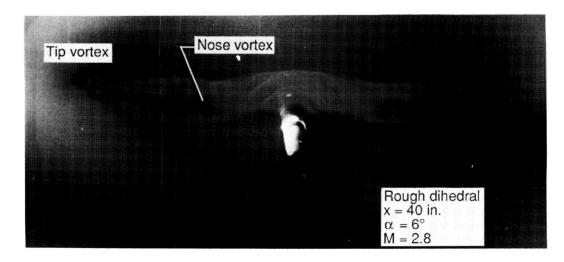
(b) x = 28 in.

Figure 21. Continued.

ORIGINAL PAGE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH







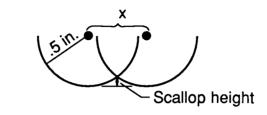
(c) x = 40 in.

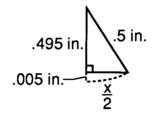
Figure 21. Concluded.

#### Appendix A

#### **Cutting Procedure for Models**

The following sketch shows an example of how step size is determined. For a maximum scallop height of .005 in. the procedure is as follows:





$$(.5)^{2} = (.495)^{2} + (x/2)^{2}$$

$$.25 = .2450 + x^{2/4}$$

$$\frac{x^{2}}{4} = .005$$

$$x^{2} = .020$$

$$x = .1414 \text{ in.}$$

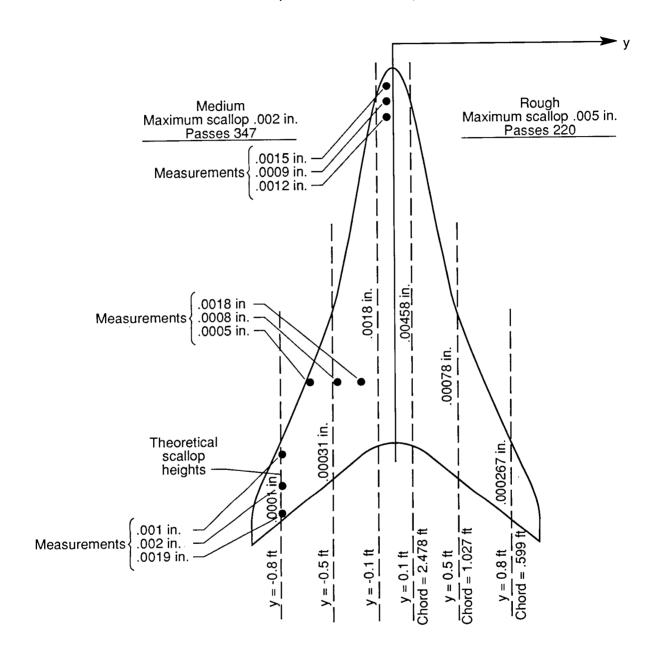
To determine number of passes, divide step size into maximum chord of 31.00 in.

Number of passes 
$$= 220$$

Each pass is made from the root chord to the tip, cutting along a constant percent chord pass. Thus, the maximum scallop height theoretically lies along the root chord with smaller and smaller scallop heights toward the tip. Following this procedure, the next sketch illustrates what the theoretical scallop heights would be for the rough model (shown on the right) and on the medium model (shown on the left).

Measurements that were actually made on the medium model are shown by the black dots on the left portion of the sketch. Though the measurements do not match exactly the predicted values, they do fall within the acceptable scallop heights for the medium model.

Maximum scallop height, in.	Maximum step size, in.	Number of passes		
0.002	0.089	347		
.005	.141	220		



#### Appendix B

#### Schedule of Tabulated Data and Tunnel Conditions

Table B1. Schedule of Tabulated Data and Tunnel Conditions

ID	Test	Run no.	Model	Mach	R/ft	Balance	T <sub>o</sub> , °F	q, psf	$H_o$ , psf
1	1298	1	Rough	2.0	$6 \times 10^6$	845A	100	1266	3539
2		2	1	2.0	2			423	1180
3		6		2.4	6			1181	4283
4	↓	4	1	2.4	2	} ↓	↓	394	1428
5	1298	35	Rough	1.8	$2 \times 10^6$	740	125	456	1154
6		42		2.0				448	1253
7		44		2.16			]	438	1349
8		47		2.4				419	1520
9	1 1	53		2.6				400	1686
10		55	↓	2.8	1	1	↓	378	1873
11	1298	66	Flat	1.8	$2 \times 10^6$	740	125	456	1154
12		77		2.0				448	1253
13		69		2.16			İ	438	1349
14		61		2.4		-	ļ <u>ļ</u>	419	1520
15		79		2.6			<u> </u>	400	1686
16	<u> </u>	81	<u> </u>	2.8	1	1	↓	378	1873
17	1298	145	Smooth	1.8	$2 \times 10^6$	740	125	456	1154
18		152		2.0				448	1253
19		154	İ	2.16				438	1349
20		157		2.4				418	1520
21		162		2.6				399	1686
22	<b>↓</b>	164	<u> </u>	2.8	_ ↓	<b>↓</b>	1	379	1873
23	1482	1	Smooth	2.0	$6 \times 10^6$	845A	125	1347	3760
24	1482	4	Smooth	2.4	$6 \times 10^6$	845A	150	1333	4838
25	1482	17	Medium	1.8	$2 \times 10^{\overline{6}}$	845B	125	457	1154
26		24		2.0				448	1253
27		26		2.16				439	1349
28		6		2.4	+			418	1520
29		10		2.6			ĺ	399	1686
30	↓ ↓	11		2.8	<u> </u>	↓	↓	379	1873
31	1570	3	Medium	2.0	$2 \times 10^6$	740	125	448	1253
32		4		2.4				418	1520
33		7	1	2.8			,	379	1873
34		10	Smooth	2.0				448	1253
<b>3</b> 5		8		2.4				418	1520
36	↓	9	<u> </u>	2.8	↓	↓	$\downarrow$	379	1873

## Appendix C

### **Balance Accuracy Values**

Table C1. Coefficient Accuracy

M	Bal	T <sub>o</sub> , °F	q, psf	$R/{ m ft}$	$C_N$	$C_A$	$C_m$	$C_l$	$C_n$	$C_Y$
2.0	845A	100	1266	$6 \times 10^{6}$	0.00093	0.00009	0.00138	0.00031	0.00078	0.00047
2.0			423	2	.00279	.00028	.00414	.00093	.00233	.00140
2.4			1181	6	.00100	.00010	.00148	.00033	.00083	.00050
2.4		↓	394	2	.00300	.00030	.00445	.00100	.00250	.00150
2.0		125	1347	6	.00088	.00009	.00130	.00029	.00073	.00044
2.4	↓	150	1333	6	.00089	.00009	.00132	.00029	.00074	.00044
1.8	845B	125	457	$2 \times 10^6$	0.00258	0.00026	0.00384	0.00086	0.00216	0.00129
2.0			448	1	.00264	.00026	.00391	.00088	.00220	.00132
2.16			439		.00269	.00027	.00399	.00090	.00224	.00135
2.4			418		.00283	.00028	.00419	.00094	.00236	.00141
2.6			399		.00296	.00029	.00439	.00099	.00247	.00148
2.8	↓	↓	379	[↓	.00312	.00031	.00463	.00104	.00260	.00156
1.8	740	125	457	$2 \times 10^6$	0.00172	0.00013	0.00256	0.00065	0.00216	0.00129
2.0			448		.00176	.00013	.00261	.00066	.00220	.00132
2.16			439		.00179	.00013	.00266	.00067	.00224	.00135
2.4			418		.00188	.00014	.00279	.00071	.00236	.00141
2.6			399		.00197	.00015	.00293	.00074	.00247	.00148
2.8	↓ ↓		379	↓ ↓	.00208	.00016	.00308	.00078	.00260	.00156

### Appendix D

#### **Tabulated Data**

#### ROUGH DIHEDRAL

	PROJ	ECT 1298			RUN	1	MACH 2.00			
ALPHA -6.22	CN 1707	CA .0051	CL 1691		L/D -7.1844 -7.5883	CM •0565 •0506	CAC .0009 .0009	CDC .0009	R/FT 5.998 5.998	DYN PRS 1266.01 1266.01
-5.37 -4.30 -3.36	1491 1188 0916	.0056 .0059 .0063	1480 1180 0910	.0148	-7.9725 -7.8034	.0412	.0009	.0009	6.004 6.007	1267.19 1267.80
-2.32 -1.26	0603 0298	.0068	0600 0297		-3.6996	.0204	.0009	.0009	6.012 6.019	1268.98 1270.41
31 .74 1.75	0039 .0258 .0542	.0076 .0075 .0072	0039 .0257 .0539	.0076 .0079 .0089	5095 3.2625 6.0870	0001 0108 0207	.0009 .0008 .0008	.0009 .0008	5.994 5.998 6.001	1265.04 1265.94 1266.69
2.69 3.72	.0816 .1110	.0068 .0065	.0811	.0106 .0137	7.6263 8.0679	0305 0403	.0008 .0008	.0008 .0008	6.003 6.016	1267.08 1269.84
4.67 5.70 6.72	.1366 .1637 .1902	.0062 .0060 .0058	.1356 .1623 .1882	.0173 .0222 .0280	7.8282 7.3011 6.7190	0481 0555 0625	.0008 .0008 .0008	.0008 .0008 .0008	5.992 6.001 6.003	1264.76 1266.58 1267.05
7.61 35	.2128 0049	.0056 .0076	.2101 0049	.0338 .0076	6.2207 6427	0681 .0003	.0008 .000 <b>9</b>	.0008	6.004 6.002	1267.23 1266.91

#### ROUGH DIHEDRAL

	PROJI	ECT 1298			RUN	2	MACH 2.00			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-6.31	1826	.0060	1808	.0260	-6.9477	.0621	.0010	.0010	2.007	423.59
-5.33	1536	.0062	1523	.0204	-7.4487	.0531	.0010	.0010	2.006	423.41
-4.31	1237	.0066	1229	.0159	-7.7394	.0433	.0010	.0010	2.006	423.48
-3.29	0926	.0069	0921	.0122	-7.5539	.0325	.0010	.0010	2.007	423.63
-2.30	0629	.0073	0625	.0098	-6.3910	.0214	.0010	.0010	2.008	423.77
-1.29	0333	.0078	0332	.0085	-3.8997	.0106	.0010	.0010	2.008	423.80
30	0057	.0080	0056	.0081	6981	.0005	.0010	.0010	2.008	423.91
.69	.0214	.0080	.0213	.0083	2.5706	0094	.0010	.0010	2.008	423.77
1.70	.0495	.0078	.0492	.0092	5.3256	0197	.0010	.0010	2.002	422.66
2.71	.0807	.0075	.0803	.0113	7.1261	0308	.0010	.0010	2.002	422.55
3.68	.1085	.0073	.1078	.0142	7.5815	0407	.0010	.0010	2.003	422.87
4.71	.1367	.0071	.1357	.0183	7.4256	0493	.0010	.0010	2.005	423.09
5.70	.1638	.0069	.1623	.0232	7.0068	0568	.0010	.0010	2.004	423.02
7.70	.2167	.0067	.2138	.0357	5.9889	0708	.0010	.0010	2.004	423.05
9.70	.2683	.0066	.2633	.0517	5.0982	0828	.0010	.0010	2.004	423.05
11.70	.3184	.0064	.3105	.0708	4.3836	0942	.0010	.0010	2.005	423.09
13.70	.3679	.0063	.3560	.0933	3.8149	1046	.0011	.0010	2.005	423.12
15.70	.4170	.0061	.3998	.1187	3.3674	1153	.0011	.0010	2.005	423.23
30	0048	.0081	0048	.0081	<b></b> 5905	.0001	.0010	.0010	2.005	423.20

#### ROUGH DIHEDRAL

PROJE	CT 1298			RUN	6	MACH 2.40			
ALPHA CN -6.241612 -5.311355 -4.081025 -2.900699 -1.750397 -1.100279	CA .0053 .0057 .0059 .0062 .0066	CL ~.1596 ~.1344 ~.1018 ~.0695 ~.0394 ~.0278	.0132 .0097 .0078	L/D -6.9886 -7.3853 -7.7017 -7.1353 -5.0636 -3.7582	CM .0503 .0425 .0323 .0219 .0119	CAC .0007 .0007 .0007 .0008 .0007	CDC .0007 .0007 .0007 .0008 .0007	R/FT 5.984 6.004 6.001 5.995 6.003 6.004	DYN PRS 1178.02 1181.96 1181.33 1180.03 1181.74 1181.96
070003 1.18 .0337 .96 .0256 2.24 .0578 2.84 .0740 3.88 .1005 4.87 .1256 6.00 .1497 7.99 .194705 .0009	.0069 .0067 .0071 .0066 .0065 .0062 .0060 .0058 .0054	0003 .0335 .0255 .0575 .0736 .0999 .1246 .1483 .1921	.0069 .0074 .0075 .0089 .0101 .0130 .0166 .0214 .0324	0457 4.5319 3.4077 6.4859 7.2601 7.6939 7.4907 6.9401 5.9290 .1293	0017 0132 0110 0219 0274 0364 0435 0500 0612 0022	.0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007	.0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007	6.003 6.003 6.005 6.002 6.002 6.002 6.002 6.005 5.997	1181.69 1181.69 1182.02 1181.44 1181.58 1181.58 1181.58 1181.52 1182.13 1180.45

#### ROUGH DIHEDRAL

	PROJ	ECT 1298			RUN	4	MACH 2.40			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-6.10	1557	.0060	1542		-6.8348	.0504	.0009	.0009	2.007	395.15
-5.17	1382	.0063	1371		-7.3226	.0441	.0009	.0009	2.009	395.45
-4.13	1068	.0065	1061		-7.5101	.0349	.0009	.0009	2.004	394.46
-3.17	0858	.0066	0853	.0114	-7.5142	.0277	.0009	.0009	2.004	394.57
-2.20	0611	.0070	0608	.0094	-6.5029	.0191	.0009	.0009	2.005	394.59
-1.09	0237	.0074	0236	.0078	-3.0142	.0066	.0009	.0009	2.005	394.59
10	.0011	.0075	.0011	.0075	.1485	0019	.0009	.0009	2.006	394.93
.90	.0258	.0075	.0257	.0079	3.2679	0103	.0009	.0009	2.005	394.68
1.87	.0517	.0073	.0514	.0089	5.7464	0197	.0009	.0009	2.005	394.71
2.86	.0737	.0071	.0733	.0107	6.8235	0277	.0009	.0009	2.006	394.82
3.89	.1025	.0069	.1018	.0138	7.3563	0366	.0009	.0009	2.005	394.76
4.93	.1324	.0067	.1313	.0181	7.2711	0451	.0009	.0009	2.006	394.79
5.82	.1476	.0066	.1462	.0216	6.7755	~.0500	.0009	.0009	2.006	394.95
7.92	.2002	.0064	.1974	.0339	5.8155	0626	.0009	.0009	2.006	394.87
9.83	.2416	.0063	.2370	.0475	4.9897	0725	.0009	.0009	2.007	394.98
11.97	.2920	.0063	.2844	.0667	4.2634	0833	.0009	.0009	2.004	394.40
13.88	.3283	.0063	.3172	.0848	3.7387	0913	.0009	.0009	2.002	394.07
15.86	.3718	.0062	.3559	.1076	3.3091	1005	.0010	.0009	2.004	394.40
11	.0004	.0075	.0004	.0075	.0516	0020	.0009	.0009	2.003	394.32

# ROUGH DIHEDRAL

ប	PWT PROJ	ECT 1298		RUN 35			MACH 1.80			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.25	1660	.0062	1648	.0214	-7.7088	.0596	.0009	.0009	2.000	455.35
-4.27	1350	.0066	1341	.0166	-8.0649	.0495	.0009	.0009	1.999	455.27
-3.24	0985	.0070	0979	.0126	-7.7768	.0361	.0009	.0009	1.999	455.23
-2.26	0656	.0075	0653	.0101	-6.4504	.0235	.0010	.0010	1.999	455.19
-1.26	0337	.0081	0336	.0088	-3.8121	.0117	.0010	.0010	1.999	455.19
26	0030	.0084	0030	.0084	3561	0000	.0010	.0010	1.999	455.23
.78	.0284	.0084	.0282	.0088	3.2242	0118	.0010	.0010	2.000	455.39
1.75	.0595	.0081	.0592	.0099	5.9652	0232	.0010	.0010	2.000	455.39
2.77	.0930	.0078	.0925	.0123	7.5299	0356	.0010	.0010	1.999	455.31
3.77	.1242	.0075	.1234	.0157	7.8672	0462	.0010	.0010	1.999	455.31
4.77	.1558	.0074	.1547	.0204	7.5958	0560	.0010	.0010	1.999	455.27
5.79	.1864	.0073	.1847	.0261	7.0697	0651	.0010	.0010	2.000	455.39
6.75	.2146	.0072	.2123	.0324	6.5481	0730	.0010	.0010	2.000	455.47
7.74	.2430	.0071	.2398	.0398	6.0250	0802	.0010	.0010	2.000	455.55
25	0032	.0084	0032	.0084	3767	.0001	.0010	.0010	2.001	455.67

#### ROUGH DIHEDRAL

U	PWT PROJI	ECT 1298			RUN 42	42 MACH 2.00			0		
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS	
-5.40	1611	.0063	1598	.0215	-7.4424	.0560	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.17	
-4.40	1303	.0066	1294	.0166	-7.7928	.0458	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.17	
-3.40	0983	.0070	0977	.0128	-7.6506	.0348	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.17	
-2.41	0669	.0073	0665	.0102	-6.5533	.0234	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.28	
-1.42	0368	.0078	0365	.0087	-4.2011	.0121	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.35	
40	0074	.0081	0073	.0081	9027	.0016	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.32	
.60	.0206	.0082	.0206	.0084	2.4535	0088	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.17	
1.59	.0506	.0080	.0504	.0094	5.3780	0196	.0009	.0009	1.998	448.10	
2.59	.0813	.0077	.0809	.0113	7.1428	0307	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.21	
3.61	.1128	.0075	.1121	.0146	7.6979	0416	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.28	
4.60	.1411	.0073	.1401	.0186	7.5242	0498	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.28	
5.60	.1681	.0072	.1666	•0236·	7.0639	0573	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.25	
6.62	.1962	.0071	.1941	.0297	6.5361	0649	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.21	
7.62	.2231	.0070	.2202	.0366	6.0209	0715	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.17	
41	0077	.0081	0077	.0082	9352	.0016	.0009	.0009	1.999	448.25	

# ROUGH DIHEDRAL

U	PWT PROJE	ECT 1298			RUN 44		MACH 2.16			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.06	1430	.0064	1419	.0190	-7.4779	.0487	•0008	.0008	2.000	438.71
-4.05	1138	.0067	1131	.0147	-7.7035	.0390	.0008	.0008	1.998	438.29
-3.03	0836	.0070	0831	.0114	-7.3112	.0287	•0008	.0008	1.998	438.16
-2.06	0555	.0073	0552	.0093	-5.9417	.0184	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.03
-1.06	0260	.0077	0258	.0082	-3.1654	.0079	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.09
06	.0010	.0079	.0010	.0079	.1282	0018	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.09
.96	.0291	.0078	.0290	.0083	3.4816	0118	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.12
1.95	.0576	.0076	.0573	.0096	5.9709	0220	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.06
2.96	.0877	.0074	.0872	.0119	7.3023	0326	•0008	.0008	1.997	438.06
3.96	.1161	.0073	.1153	.0153	7.5543	0420	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.06
4.96	.1434	.0071	.1422	.0195	7.3043	0498	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.09
5.96	.1685	.0070	.1669	.0245	6.8237	0565	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.09
6.98	.1955	.0069	.1932	.0307	6.3029	0634	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.09
7.97	.2202	.0069	.2172	.0373	5.8166	0695	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.06
06	.0018	.0079	.0018	.0079	.2309	0021	.0008	.0008	1.997	438.09

# ROUGH DIHEDRAL

υ	PWT PROJ	ECT 1298		RUN 47						
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.09	1362	.0062	1351	.0183	-7.3910	.0446	.0008	.0007	2.006	420.30
-4.19	1132	.0064	1124	.0147	-7.6549	.0371	•0007	.0007	2.006	420.33
-3.10	0808	.0067	0803	.0111	-7.2370	.0267	.0007	.0007	2.007	420.41
-2.06	0517	.0069	0514	.0088	-5.8428	.0171	.0007	.0007	2.006	420.27
-1.14	0284	.0073	0283	.0079	-3.5725	.0084	.0007	.0007	2.005	420.19
08	.0019	.0075	.0019	.0075	.2529	0019	•0007	.0007	2.007	420.60
.91	.0285	.0075	.0283	.0080	3.5565	0114	.0007	.0007	2.006	420.33
1.84	.0497	.0074	.0494	.0089	5.5271	0193	.0008	.0008	2.005	420.19
2.91	.0818	.0071	.0813	.0113	7.2164	0302	.0007	.0007	2.005	420.08
3.96	.1084	.0070	.1076	.0145	7.4340	0384	.0007	.0007	2.005	420.11
4.91	.1344	.0069	.1333	.0184	7.2397	0459	.0007	.0007	2.006	420.33
5.93	.1597	.0068	.1581	.0233	6.7922	0527	.0007	.0007	2.006	420.33
6.99	.1861	.0067	.1839	.0293	6.2741	0590	.0007	.0007	2.006	420.35
7.91	•2058	.0068	.2029	.0350	5.7910	0639	.0007	.0007	2.006	420.24
10	.0001	.0075	.0001	.0075	.0186	0016	.0007	.0007	2.006	420.27

# ROUGH DIHEDRAL

U	UPWT PROJECT 1298				RUN 53			MACH 2.60		
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.11	1253	.0060	1243	.0171	-7.2539	.0464	.0007	.0007	1.998	399.21
-4.17	1016	.0062	1008	.0135	-7.4487	.0390	.0007	.0007	2.002	400.04
-3.24	0787	.0063	0782	.0107	-7.2766	.0311	.0007	.0007	2.000	399.73
-2.15	0529	.0066	0527	.0086	-6.1545	.0223	.0007	.0007	2.002	400.02
-1.15	0237	.0068	0236	.0073	-3.2229	.0126	.0007	.0007	2.002	400.09
16	0028	.0070	0027	.0070	3924	.0047	.0007	.0007	2.003	400.18
.89	.0237	.0069	.0236	.0073	3.2246	0043	.0007	.0007	2.003	400.23
1.87	.0498	.0068	.0495	.0085	5.8474	0135	.0007	.0007	2.002	400.09
2.89	.0785	.0067	.0780	.0106	7.3471	0229	.0007	.0007	2.002	400.11
3.84	.0987	.0067	.0980	.0133	7.3967	0296	.0007	.0007	2.002	400.02
4.97	.1300	.0066	.1289	.0178	7.2452	0384	.0007	.0007	2.004	400.42
5.88	.1487	.0065	.1473	.0217	6.7930	0438	.0007	.0007	2.003	400.21
6.86	.1684	.0065	.1664	.0265	6.2760	0489	.0007	.0007	2.001	399.97
7.88	.1930	.0064	.1903	.0328		0549	.0007	.0006	2.000	399.64
18	0030	.0070	0030	.0070	4213	.0049	.0007	.0007	2.001	399.97

# ROUGH DIHEDRAL

U	PWT PROJ	ECT 1298		RUN 55			MACH 2.80			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.13	1227	.0059	1216	.0168	-7.2283	.0396	.0006	.0006	1.999	378.50
-4.10	0941	.0060	0934	.0127	-7.3823	.0311	.0006	.0006	2.001	378.95
-3.10	0706	.0061	0701	.0099	-7.0624	.0237	.0006	.0006	1.998	378.34
-2.08	0467	.0063	0465	.0080	-5.8383	.0156	.0006	.0006	2.001	378.91
-1.06	0208	.0065	0207	.0069	-3.0106	.0072	.0006	.0006	2.000	378.80
14	0051	.0066	0051	.0066	7780	.0012	.0006	.0006	2.000	378.72
.91	.0224	.0066	.0223	.0069	3.2270	0081	.0006	.0006	2.000	378.83
1.86	.0437	.0065	.0435	.0079	5.5047	0157	.0006	.0006	1.999	378.64
2.92	.0700	.0064	.0696	.0100	6.9890	0243	.0006	.0006	2.001	378.87
3.98	.0970	.0064	.0963	.0131	7.3606	0325	.0006	.0006	2.000	378.74
4.93	.1171	.0063	.1161	.0163	7.1040	~.0384	.0006	.0006	1.999	378.54
5.85	.1359	.0063	.1346	.0201	6.6869	0437	.0006	.0006	2.000	378.78
6.89	.1570	.0062	.1552	.0250	6.1969	0495	.0006	.0006	2.000	378.80
7.89	.1797	.0062	.1772	.0308	5.7484	0551	.0006	.0006	2.000	378.85
09	0008	.0066	0008	.0066	1273	0001	.0006	.0006	2.001	378.91

# FLAT WING

บ	PWT PROJ	ECT 1298	<b>,</b>	RUN 66		MACH 1.80				
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.37	1731	.0061	1718	.0222	-7.7260	.0632	.0008	.0008	2.006	456.81
-4.32	1396	.0062	1387	.0167	-8.2931	.0524	.0008	.0008	2.005	456.62
-3.34	1082	.0065	1077	.0128	-8.3809	.0413	.0008	.0008	2.005	456.58
-2-33	0741	.0070	0738	.0100	-7.3695	.0286	.0008	.0008	2.005	456.66
-1.34	0428	.0075	0426	.0085	-5.0143	.0169	.0008	.0008	2.006	456.77
33	0122	.0078	0121	.0078	-1.5450	.0054	.0008	.0008	2.006	456.81
.67	.0165	.0078	.0164	.0080	2.0551	0056	.0C38	.0008	2.005	456.66
1.63	.0467	.0074	.0465	.0087	5.3142	0168	.0008	.0008	2.006	456.77
2.66	.0856	.0069	.0852	.0109	7.8060	0313	.0008	.0008	2.007	456.93
3.66	.1205	.0066	.1199	.0142	8.4125	0434	.0008	.0008	2.004	456.46
4.69	.1549	.0064	.1539	.0190	8.0890	0548	.0008	•0008	2.001	.455.75
5.67	.1867	.0062	.1851	.0246	7.5230	0647	.0008	.0008	2.000	455.47
6.69	.2183	.0060	.2161	.0314	6.8902	0740	.0008	.0008	2.000	455.55
7.67	.2497	.0058	.2467	.0391	6.3098	0831	.0008	.0008	2.001	455.71
34	0098	.0079	0097	.0079	-1.2287	.0044	•0008	.0008	2.002	455.87

# FLAT WING

υ	UPWT PROJECT 1298				RUN 77			MACH 2.00		
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.40	1627	.0063	1614		-7.4818	.0571	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.53
-4.40	1342	.0065	1333		-7.9579	.0485	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.50
-3.41	1054	.0067	1048		-8.0592	.0389	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.68
-2.37	0736	.0071	0733	.0101		.0274	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.57
-1.40	0430	.0076	0428	.0086		.0163	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.57
38	0140	.0078	0139	.0079		.0056	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.64
.63	.0132	.0078	.0131	.0080	1.6393	0045	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.64
1.63	.0412	.0075	.0410	.0087	4.7161	0146	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.64
2.61	.0752	.0071	.0748	.0105	7.1175	0270	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.61
3.64	.1087	.0068	.1080	.0137	7.9030	0386	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.57
4.62	.1388	.0065	.1378	.0177	7.7953	0479	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.53
5.61	.1677	.0064	.1662	.0227	7.3155	0568	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.50
6.65	.1983	.0062	.1963	.0291	6.7404	0655	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.53
7.62	.2258	.0060	.2230	.0359	6.2066	0728	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.64
40	0135	.0078	0135	.0079	-1.7013	.0055	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.68

# FLAT WING

υ	PWT PROJI	ECT 1298		RUN 69 MACH 2.16					16		
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS	
-5.12	1469	.0061	1457	.0191	-7.6206	.0514	•0007	.0007	2.006	439.94	
-4.11	1183	.0063	1175	.0147	-7.9702	.0427	.0007	.0007	2.001	438.84	
-3.09	0885	.0065	0880	.0113	<b>-7.7853</b> .	.0328	.0007	.0007	2.000	438.71	
-2.09	0593	.0069	0591	.0090	-6.5407	.0222	.0007	.0007	2.002	439.23	
-1.10	0311	.0073	0309	.0079	-3.9236	.0119	.0007	.0007	2.002	439.10	
-,11	0048	.0074	0048	.0075	6415	.0023	.0007	.0007	2.002	439.10	
•90	.0213	.0074	.0212	.0077	2.7543	0072	.0007	.0007	2.002	439.07	
1.91	.0505	.0070	.0502	.0087	5.7981	0176	.0007	.0007	2.002	439.10	
2.90	.0823	.0067	.0818	.0108	7.5656	0292	•0007	.0007	2.002	439.20	
3.89	.1136	.0064	.1129	.0141	8.0071	0398	•0(+07	.0007	2.002	439.20	
4.90	.1430	.0062	.1419	.0184	7.7286	0487	.0007	•0007	2.002	439.10	
5.92	.1705	.0060	.1690	.0236	7.1751	0566	.0007	.0007	2.002	439.16	
6.91	.1977	.0059	.1955	.0296	6.6062	0642	.0007	.0007	2.001	439.00	
7.93	.2252	•0057	.2223	.0368	6.0449	0717	.0007	•0007	2.002	439.20	
09	0035	.0075	0035	.0075	4630	.0019	•0007	•0007	2.004	439.59	

บ	PWT PRQJE	ECT 1298	}		RUN 61					
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.21	1416	.0058	1404	.0186	-7.5388	.0478	.0006	.0006	2.001	419.20
-4.25	1170	.0061	1162	.0147	-7.9050	.0403	.0006	.0006	2.001	419.25
-3.19	0820	.0062	0815	.0108	-7.5561	.0293	•0006	•0006	2.003	419.69
-2.16	0538	.0066	0535	.0086	-6.2353	-0195	.0006	•0006	2.002	419.44
-1.14	0245	.0069	0243	.0074	-3.3097	.0097	•0006	•0006	2.000	419.03
18	0007	.0070	0007	.0070	0957	.0008	.0006	•0006	2.002	419.47
.85	.0245	.0069	.0244	.0072	3.3744	0075	.0006	•0006	2.000	419.03
1.86	.0541	.0066	.0538	.0083	6.4480	0187	.0006	•0006	2.000	419.03
2.68	.0671	.0064	.0668	.0095	7.0037	0241	.0006	.0006	2.001	419.28
3.93	.1126	.0060	.1119	.0137	8.1637	0382	•0006	•0006	2.002	419.53
4.78	.1280	.0059	.1271	.0165	7.6938	0438	.0006	•0006	1.999	418.92
5.84	.1580	.0057	.1566	.0218	7.1927	0520	•0006	.0006	2.000	419.06
6.75	.1767	.0056	.1749	.0263	6.6402	0579	.0006	•0006	2.001	419.28
7.82	-2068	.0055	.2042	.0336	6.0817	0656	•0006	.0006	2.001	419.28
3.86	.1082	.0060	.1076	.0133	8.0811	0369	.0006	.0006	2.001	419.17
2.78	.0746	.0063	.0742	.0099	7.4924	0263	•0006	.0006	2.003	419.58
19	0044	.0069	0044	.0069	6338	.0019	.0006	•0006	2.001	419.31

# FLAT WING

UPWT PROJECT 1298					RUN 79					
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.22	1339	.0057	1328	.0179	-7.4326	.0453	.0006	.0006	2.003	400.32
-4.18	1049	.0060	1042	.0136	-7.6483	.0368	.0006	.0006	2.000	399.76
-3.15	0799	.0061	0794	.0105	-7.5787	.0284	.0006	.0006	1.998	399.35
-2.22	0595	.0063	0592	.0086	-6.8663	.0214	•0006	.0006	2.003	400.28
-1.14	0247	.0067	0245	.0072	-3.4119	.0098	.0006	.0006	2.002	400.16
20	0062	.0069	0062	.0069	8982	.0029	.0006	.0006	2.003	400.21
.83	.0174	.0068	.0173	.0071	2.4470	0055	.0005	.0005	2.002	400.16
1.79	.0404	.0066	.0402	.0078	5.1302	0140	.0005	•0005	2.003	400.25
2.86	.0746	.0062	.0742	.0099	7.4724	0254	.0005	.0005	2.004	400.49
3.80	•0955	.0061	.0948	.0124	7.6348	0325	.0006	.0006	2.004	400.56
4.82	.1222	.0060	.1213	.0162	7.4775	0408	.0006	•0006	2.003	400.35
5.83	.1512	.0058	.1498	.0211	7.0918	0489	.0006	.0006	2.004	400.40
6.81	.1714	.0057	.1695	.0260	6.5151	0553	.0006	•0006	2.003	400.30
7.85	.1974	.0056	.1948	.0325	5.9918	0621	.0006	.0006	2.005	400.59
20	0058	.0069.	0058	.0069	8354	.0024	.0006	•0006	2.003	400.30

# FLAT WING

U	PWT PROJI	ECT 1298		RUN 81			MACH 2.80			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.16	1214	.0057	1204	-0166	-7.2602	.0406	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.13
-4.16	0967	.0057	0961	.0127	-7.5513	-0329	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.13
-3.12	0739	•0059	0734	.0099	-7.4353	.0258	.0005	.0005	2.004	379.61
-2.16	0516	.0061	0513	.0080	-6.3986	.0184	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.91
-1.14	0260	.0064	0258	.0069	-3.7495	.0097	.0005	.0005	2.003	379.29
17	0071	.0066	0071		-1.0766	.0027	.0005	.0005	2.004	379.61
.86	.0175	.0065	.0174	.0068	2.5668	0059	.0005	.0005	2.003	379.35
1.83	.0411	-0062	.0408	.0075	5.4332	0140	.0005	.0005	2.000	378.83
2.86	.0672	.0060	.0668	-0093	7.1464	0230	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.07
3.83	•0907	.0059	.0901	.0119	7.5693	0307	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.21
4.83	-1138	-0058	-1129	.0153	7.3623	0381	.0005	.0005	2.005	379.67
5.84	.1393	.0056	.1380	.0198	6.9815	0453	.0005	•0005	2.001	378.99
6.86	.1643	.0056	-1625	.0251	6.4611	0524	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.07
7.89	.1870	.0055	-1845	.0311	5.9338	0588	.0005	.0005	2.004	379.57
14	0025	-0066	0025	.0066	3770	.0016	.0005	.0005	2.003	379.41

	PROJECT 1298				kUN 145				MACH 1.80			
ALPHA -5.32	CN 1690	CA •0060	CL 1678	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS		
-4.30	1346	.0064	1338	.0217 .0164	-7.7372 -8.1375	.0592 .0482	.0008 .0008	.0008 .0008	1.996 2.004	454.60 456.38		
-3.31 $-2.33$	1012 0678	.0068	1006 0674	.0126	-7.9657 -6.6986	.0361	.0008 .0008	.0008 .0008	2.009 2.014	457.56 458.55		
-1.33 29	0353 0035	.0079	0351 0034	.0087	-4.0458 4177	.0115 0003	.0008	.0008	2.013	458.39 458.43		
.70	.0258	.0082	.0257	.0086	3.0093	0113	.0009	.0009	2.009	457.52		
1.70 2.70	.0574 .0900	.0079 .0076	.0571 .0895	.0096 .0118	5.9287 7.5759	0230 0350	.0009 .0009	.0009	2.013 2.007	458.51 457.05		
3.71 4.71	.1225 .1538	.0073	.1218 .1527	.0152	8.0123 7.7117	0459 0559	.0009	.0009	2.000 2.008	455.39 457.21		
5.68	.1824	.0071	.1808	.0251	7.1954	0642	.0009	.0009	2.010	457.76		
6.69 7.69	.2132 .2402	.0070 .0069	.2109 .2372	.0318	6.6370 6.0912	0726 0798	.0009 .0009	.0009	2.011 2.011	458.00 457.88		
31	0036	.0082	0035	.0082	4308	0003	.0008	8000.	2.012	458.19		

# SMOOTH DIHEDRAL

	PROJ	ECT 1298		RUN 152				MACH 2.00			
ALPHA	CN	CA	$\mathtt{CL}$	CD	r\D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS	
-5.47	1620	.0060	1607	.0214	-7.4958	.0558	.0008	.0008	2.004	449.36	
-4.46	1303	.0063	1295	.0164	-7.8840	.0455	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.64	
-3.46	0992	.0067	0986	.0126	-7.8067	.0349	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.75	
-2.46	0689	.0070	0685	.0100	-6.8591	.0239	.0008	.0008	1.999	448.21	
-1.46	0374	.0076	0372	.0085	-4.3637	.0122	.0008	.0008	2.009	450.46	
45	0083	.0079	0082	.0079	-1.0369	.0016	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.71	
•55	.0194	.0079	.0193	.0081	2.3736	0087	.0008	.0008	2.005	449.57	
1.53	.0472	.0077	.0470	.0089	5.2575	0186	.0008	.0008	2.003	449.11	
2.56	.0804	.0074	.0800	.0110	7.2867	0304	.0008	.0008	2.004	449.32	
3.57	.1099	.0072	.1092	.0140	7.7844	0405	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.78	
4.53	.1363	.0070	.1354	.0178	7.6121	0483	.0008	.0008	1.997	447.89	
5.55	.1653	.0070	.1638	.0229	7.1509	0565	.0008	.0008	2.004	449.32	
6.54	.1919	.0069	.1899	.0287	6.6107	0636	.0008	.0008	2.002	448.96	
7.53	.2179	.0068	.2151	.0353	6.0924	0703	.0008	.0008	1.999	448.17	
45	0092	.0079	0091	.0079	-1.1469	.0020	.0008	.0008	1.998	447.96	

	PROJI	ECT 1298		RUN 154				MACH 2.16			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS	
-5.35	1505	.0061	1493		<b>-7.4173</b>	.0498	.0007	.0007	2.007	440.27	
-4.35	1210	.0064	1202	.0155	-7.7373	.0405	.0007	.0007	2.002	439.10	
-3.36	0922	.0067	0917	.0121	<b>-7.</b> 5899	.0310	.0007	.0007	2.007	440.20	
-2.34	0618	.0070	0614	.0096	-6.4203	.0204	.0007	.0007	2.010	440.82	
-1.35	0328	.0075	0327	.0083	-3.9464	.0101	.0007	.0007	2.004	439.65	
36	0059	.0078	0058	.0078	<b></b> 7438	.0004	.0007	.0007	2.009	440.59	
•65	.0218	.0078	.0217	.0080	2.6983	0093	.0007	.0007	2.006	439.94	
1.66	.0504	.0075	.0501	.0090	5.5704	0194	.0007	.0007	2.010	440.95	
2.66	.0802	.0073	.0798	.0110	7.2408	0299	.0007	.0007	2.005	439.85	
3.66	.1088	.0071	.1081	.0141	7.6885	0393	.0007	.0007	2.006	440.07	
4.65	.1362	.0070	.1351	.0180	7.5060	0474	.0008	.0007	2.010	440.98	
5.64	.1612	.0069	.1597	.0227	7.0409	0539	.0008	.0008	2.005	439.72	
6.65	.1872	.0068	.1851	.0285	6.5055	0606	.0008	.0008	2.004	439.62	
7.66	.2123	.0067	.2095	.0350	5.9895	0667	.0008	.0008	2.011	441.15	
34	0040	.0078	0040	.0078	<b></b> 5070	0001	.0007	.0007	2.004	439.55	
				SMO	OTH DIHE	DRAL					
	PROJ	ECT 1298	i		RUN 15	7		MA	CH 2.40		
12 DIL	au.		O.	(D)	1 /D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS	
ALPHA	CN 1359	CA	CL 1348	CD	L/D -7.4275	.0441	.0006	.0006	2.000	418.89	
-5.14 -4.20	1359 1102	.0060	1348 1094		-7.4273 -7.6413	.0360	.0006	.0006	1.992	417.32	
-3.09	0783	.0066	0778		<b>-7.2117</b>	.0260	.0006	.0006	1.997	418.40	
-2.16	0534	.0070	0531		-5.9020	.0174	.0006	.0006	2.000	418.84	
-1.17	0300	.0072	0299		-3.8426	.0091	.0006	.0006	1.998	418.67	
22	0077	.0074	0077		-1.0337	.0013	.0006	.0006	1.998	418.53	
.85	.0269	.0074	.0268	.0078	3.4246	0106	.0006	.0006	1.997	418.34	
1.85	.0541	.0072	.0539	.0089	6.0205	0201	.0006	.0006	2.000	418.86	
2.86	.0839	.0069	.0835	.0111	7.5181	0301	.0006	.0006	2.001	419.14	
3.87	.1070	.0068	.1063	.0140	7.5729	0377	.0006	.0006	2.000	418.84	
4.90	.1355	.0067	.1344	.0182	7.3711	0460	.0006	.0006	2.002	419.31	
5.85	.1563	.0065	.1548	.0224	<b>b.</b> 8989	0517	.0006	.0006	2.001	419.14	
6 00	1756	0066	1726	0272	4 2/50	- 0560	0006	0006	2 001	419 06	

6.80

7.81

-.16

.1756

.1995

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.0273

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5.8651

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.2355 -.0020

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.0006

.0006

.0006

.0006

	PKOJ	ECT 1298		RUN 162				MACH 2.60			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS	
-5.13	1267	.0059	1257	.0172	-7.2923	.0413	.0006	.0006	1.999	399.54	
-4.18	1058	.0061	1051	.0138	-7.6148	.0346	.0006	.0006	1.999	399.45	
-3.17	0766	.0064	0761	.0106	<b>-7.</b> 1862	.0250	.0006	.0006	1.999	399.47	
-2.12	0511	.0066	0509	.0085	-6.0075	.0168	.0005	.0005	1.998	399.33	
-1.17	0279	.0068	0278	.0074	-3.7484	.0083	.0005	.0005	2.000	399.59	
12	.0030	.0071	.0031	.0071	.4308	0021	.0005	.0005	1.998	399.26	
.86	.0227	.0071	.0226	.0075	3.0305	0093	.0005	.0005	1.999	399.42	
1.85	.0472	.0069	.0469	.0084	5.5905	0176	.0005	.0005	1.999	399.57	
2.86	.0719	.0067	.0715	.0102	6.9810	0260	.0005	.0005	1.999	399.45	
3.83	.0958	.0065	.0952	.0129	7.3843	0341	.0005	.0005	1.999	399.38	
4.86	.1231	.0064	.1221	.0168	7.2587	0415	.0006	.0006	1.999	399.49	
5.89	.1465	.0063	.1451	.0213	6.8047	0481	.0006	.0006	1.999	399.52	
6.89	.1677	.0063	.1657	.0263	6.2934	0541	.0006	.0006	1.999	399.42	
7.85	.1893	.0063	.1867	.0321	5.8194	0590	.0006	.0006	1.999	399.40	
12	0012	.0071	0012	.0071	1652	0009	.0005	.0005	1.999	399.47	

### SMOOTH DIHEDRAL

	PROJ	ECT 1298			RUN 16	4	MACH 2.80			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-5.18	1222	.0057	1211	.0167	-7.2427	.0387	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.11
-4.16	0960	.0059	0953	.0129	-7.4021	.0311	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.07
-3.13	0725	.0061	0720	.0101	-7.1549	.0234	.0005	.0005	2.001	379.05
-2.12	0473	.0064	0471	.0081	-5.8034	.0153	.0005	.0005	2.001	379.01
-1.15	0236	.0066	0235	.0071	-3.3341	.0075	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.95
14	0017	.0068	0016	.0068	2439	0002	.0005	.0005	2.004	379.45
.84	.0216	.0068	.0215	.0071	3.0263	0081	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.23
1.87	.0467	.0066	.0465	.0081	5.7371	0166	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.09
2.87	.0692	.0064	.0688	.0099	6.9660	0242	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.95
3.86	.0904	.0063	.0898	.0123	7.2682	0308	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.07
4.87	.1150	.0062	.1141	.0159	7.1516	0377	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.87
5.84	.1343	.0062	.1329	.0198	6.7234	0434	.0005	.0005	2.004	379.53
6.83	.1555	.0061	.1537	.0246	6.2565	0492	.0005	.0005	2.001	379.01
7.84	.1743	.0061	.1719	.0298	5.7712	0542	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.89
15	0023	.0068	0023	.0068	3330	0001	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.95

	PROJI	ECT 1482			RUN	1	MACH 2.00				
ALPHA -4.83 -3.79 -2.36 -1.8985 .16 1.12 2.18 3.27	CN 1318 1022 0754 0475 0186 .0082 .0354 .0652	CA .0050 .0054 .0059 .0064 .0068 .0069 .0067 .0064	CL 1309 1016 0751 0473 0185 .0082 .0353 .0650	CD .0161 .0122 .0097 .0079 .0071 .0069 .0074 .0089	L/D -8.1276 -8.3449 -7.7751 -5.9723 -2.6136 1.1851 4.7638 7.3366 8.3521	CM .0445 .0346 .0252 .0151 .0049 0048 0144 0249 0354	CAC .0008 .0008 .0003 .0003 .0008 .0008 .0008	CDC .0008 .0008 .0008 .0008 .0008 .0008 .0008	R/FT 6.010 6.006 6.005 6.006 6.007 6.008 6.007 6.006 5.005	DYN PRS 1347.74 1346.31 1346.49 1346.81 1347.03 1347.28 1347.06 1346.71 1346.56	
4.18 5.15 6.20 .10	.1212 .1476 .1753 .0074	.0057 .0055 .0053 .0069	.1205 .1465 .1737 .0074	.0145 .0138 .0242 .0069	8.2808 7.8115 7.1631 1.0682	0429 0506 0579 0045	.0003 .0008 .0008	.0008 .0008 .0008	6.008 6.006 6.007 6.006	1347.28 1346.81 1347.10 1346.73	

# SMOOTH DIHEDRAL

	PROJECT 1482				RUN	4	MACH 2.40			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	C14	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
<b>-</b> 5.03	<b></b> 1303	.0048	<b></b> 1294	.0163	<b>-7.</b> 9486	.0409	.0007	.0007	5.996	1333.01
<del>-</del> 4.18	<b></b> 1079	.0054	1072	.0133	-8.0872	.0343	.0007	.0007	5.996	1333.07
<del>-</del> 2.39	0556	.0054	<b></b> 0553	.0078	<del>-</del> 7.1350	.0176	.0007	.0007	5.992	1332.32
<b>-1.</b> 73	0381	.0061	<b></b> 0379	.0073	<b>-</b> 5.2215	.0116	.0007	.0007	5.992	1332.19
97	0225	.0059	0224	.0062	<del>-</del> 3.5821	.0063	.0007	.0007	5.992	1332.27
.22	.0098	.0064	.0098	.0065	1.5037	0045	.0007	.0007	5.996	1333.04
1.22	.0341	.0062	.0339	.0069	4.9015	0129	.0007	.0007	6.002	1334.42
2.03	.0518	.0061	.0515	.0079	6.5253	0192	.0007	.0007	5.997	1333.26
3.20	.0847	.0057	.0842	.0104	8.0943	0298	.0007	.0007	5.995	1332.85
4.12	.1071	.0055	.1065	.0131	8.0976	<b></b> 0367	.0007	.0007	5.998	1333.59
4.99	.1259	.0053	.1249	.0162	7.7053	0422	.0007	.0007	6.002	1334.36
5.68	.1412	.0051	.1400	.0191	7.3417	0466	.0007	.0007	5.993	1332.35
• 37	.0143	.0062	.0142	.0063	2.2534	<b></b> 0060	.0006	.0006	5.995	1332.87

	PROJECT 1482				RUN 1	7	MACH 1.80			
A I DILA	an.	C.A	21	C.D.	I (D	au	G.4.G	ana	D / P.W	
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-4.90	<b></b> 1553	.0073	<b></b> 1541	.0205	<b>-7.</b> 5235	.0588	.0007	.0007	2.000	455.51
-3.92	1250	.0075	1242	.0160	-7.7717	.0478	.0008	.0008	2.002	455.91
-2.89	0910	.0078	0905	.0123	-7.3270	.0354	.0008	.0008	2.004	456.42
-1.88	0581	.0031	0578	.0100	-5.7568	.0229	.0008	.0008	2.004	456.38
90	0288	.0084	0287	.0089	-3.2283	.0117	.0008	.0008	2.004	456.38
.09	.0009	.0085	.0009	.0085	.1017	.0007	.0008	.0008	2.005	456.50
1.11	.0302	.0083	.0301	.0089	3.3839	0104	.0008	.0008	2.006	456.85
2.13	.0603	.0079	.0600	.0101	5.9337	0214	.0009	.0009	2.004	456.42
3.13	.0915	.0074	.0910	.0124	7.3337	<b></b> 0330	.0009	.0009	2.003	456.22
4.15	.1242	.0070	.1234	.0160	7.7203	0443	.0009	.0009	2.004	456.26
5.15	. 1539	.0067	.1527	.0205	7.4333	0539	.0009	.0009	2.005	456.50
6.12	.1824	.0065	.1807	.0259	6.9632	0624	.0009	.0009	2.004	456.34
7.16	.2120	.0063	.2095	.0327	6.4085	0702	.0009	.0009	2.003	456.18
8.16	.2396	.0062	.2363	.0402	5.8822	0772	.0009	.0009	2.003	456.14
.13	.0018	.0084	.0018	.0084	.2109	.0001	.0008	.0008	2.005	456.54

	PROJECT 1482				RUN 2	4				
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-4.86	1435	.0071	1424	.0193	<b>-7.3970</b>	.0527	.0007	.0007	2.001	448.78
-3.80	1117	.0073	1110	.0147	-7.5511	.0420	.0007	.0007	2.002	448.96
-2.82	0824	.0075	0819		-7.0977	.0313	.0007	.0007	2.003	449.18
-1.88	0541	.0078	<b></b> 0538	.0095	<b>-</b> 5.6435	.0207	.0007	.0007	2.003	449.14
87	0249	.0080	0248	.0084	<b>-</b> 2.9466	.0099	.0007	.0007	2.003	449.18
.12	.0019	.0080	.0019	.0080	.2314	0001	.0008	.0008	2.002	449.03
1.13	.0291	.0078	.0289	.0084	3.4349	0100	.0008	.0008	2.002	448.89
2.19	.0598	.0074	.0595	.0097	6.1371	0209	.0008	.0008	2.002	448.93
3.18	.0892	.0071	.0387	.0120	7.4037	0314	.0008	.0008	2.003	449.07
4.17	.1181	.0067	.1173	.0153	7.6803	0412	.0008	.0003	2.004	449.32
5.15	.1445	.0065	. 1434	.0194	7.3774	0493	.0008	.0008	2.003	449.14
6.14	.1716	.0063	.1700	.0246	6.9081	0563	.0008	.0008	2.003	449.14
7.19	.1994	.0061	. 1971	.0310	6.3489	0634	.0008	.0008	2.002	448.93
8.17	.2239	.0061	.2208	.0378	5.8410	0696	.0008	.0008	2.002	448.96
. 15	.0032	.0080	.0032	.0080	.3970	0006	.0008	.0008	2.003	449.25

PROJECT 1482					RUN 2	26	MACH 2.16			
ALPHA -4.62 -3.61 -2.60 -1.5961 .39 1.37 2.40 3.44 4.41 5.41 6.39 7.38 8.40 .41	CN 1298 1012 0727 0438 0177 .0086 .0343 .0632 .0930 .1197 .1454 .1705 .1938 .2190 .0095	CA .0071 .0072 .0074 .0076 .0078 .0077 .0068 .0065 .0063 .0061 .0060	CL 1288 1005 0723 0436 0177 .0086 .0341 .0629 .0924 .1188 .1442 .1688 .1914 .2158 .0095	.0136 .0107 .0088	4.0956 6.4565 7.4787 7.5779 7.2179 6.7345 6.2119 5.7037	CM .0463 .0368 .0268 .0164 .0068 0027 0117 0220 0323 0407 0484 0549 0606 0666 0031	CAC .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007	CDC .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007 .0007	R/FT 2.002 2.005 2.005 2.002 2.002 2.002 2.002 2.003 2.001 2.001 2.001 2.002 2.003 2.002	DYN PRS 439.16 439.75 439.68 439.39 439.23 439.13 439.23 439.33 439.00 438.87 438.90 439.16
				MEI	DIUM DIHE	DRAL				
	PROJE	CT 1482			RUN	6		MA	CH 2.40	
ALPHA -5.00 -4.08 -3.05 -1.9898 .02 1.03 2.04	CN13251093079705250259 .0008 .0259	CA .0070 .0071 .0073 .0074 .0075 .0076	CL 1314 1086 0792 0522 0258 .0008 .0257 .0527	.0149 .0115 .0092	L/D -7.0753 -7.2982 -6.8909 -5.6597 -3.2583 .1016 3.2528 5.8682	CM .0461 .0385 .0289 .0190 .0099 .0005 0084	CAC .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006	CDC .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006	R/FT 2.003 2.001 2.004 2.001 2.002 2.004 2.002 2.002	DYN PRS 419.69 419.28 419.91 419.25 419.44 419.83 419.50 419.42

6.9123

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.0753

.1060

.1330

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.0063

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.0060

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.0076

.0748

.1053

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.1707

.1937

.0019

	PROJ	ECT 1482			RUN 1	0	MACH 2.60				
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS	
-4.89	1212	.0068	1202	.0171	-7.0415	.0428	.0005	.0005	2.004	400.44	
-3.87	0988	.0068	0981	.0135	-7.2879	.0353	.0005	.0005	2.003	400.32	
-2.35	0716	.0069	0712	.0104	<b>-</b> 6.8300	.0262	.0005	.0005	2.004	400.40	
-1.84	0460	.0070	0458	.0084	-5.4209	.0175	.0005	.0005	2.003	400.37	
90	0217	.0071	0215	.0074	<b>-2.8930</b>	.0089	.0005	.0005	2.004	400.51	
.07	0006	.0071	0006	.0071	0895	.0013	.0005	.0005	2.004	400.47	
1.06	.0218	.0070	.0217	.0074	2.9412	0066	.0005	.0005	2.004	400.47	
2.12	.0522	.0066	.0519	.0086	6.0667	0167	.0005	.0005	2.004	400.40	
3.09	.0728	.0064	.0723	.0103	7.0200	0242	.0005	.0005	2.003	400.30	
4.11	.0982	.0062	.0975	.0132	7.3938	<b></b> 0325	.0005	.0005	2.003	400.25	
5.15	.1230	.0060	.1219	.0170	7.1593	<b></b> 0399	.0005	.0005	2.004	400.42	
6.12	.1430	.0059	.1416	.0211	6.7159	0458	.0005	.0005	2.005	400.61	
7.15	.1661	.0057	. 1641	.0263	6.2401	0517	.0005	.0005	2.006	400.80	
8.06	.1836	.0056	.1810	.0313	5.7881	<b></b> 0563	.0005	.0005	2.006	400.89	
.07	0018	.0071	0018	.0071	<b></b> 2507	.0013	.0005	.0005	2.004	400.40	

	PROJ	ECT 1482			RUN 1	1	MACH 2.80			
					- 1-					
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-4.87	<b></b> 1131	.0065	<b></b> 1121	.0161	<b>-</b> 6.9603	.0403	.0004	.0004	2.001	378.95
-3.88	0398	.0065	0892	.0126	-7.0729	.0327	.0004	.0004	2.000	378.70
-2.89	0708	.0065	0703	.0101	-6.9586	.0261	.0004	.0004	2.000	378.83
-1.87	0438	.0067	0436	.0081	-5.3817	.0175	.0004	.0004	2.000	378.72
89	0205	.0067	0204	.0071	<del>-</del> 2.8898	.0096	.0004	.0004	1.999	378.56
.08	0025	.0067	0025	.0067	3776	.0028	.0004	.0004	2.000	378.83
1.10	.0241	.0065	.0240	.0070	3.4196	0057	.0004	.0004	1.999	378.66
2.07	.0452	.0063	.0449	.0080	5.6392	0133	.0004	.0004	2.000	378.76
3.07	.0678	.0062	.0674	.0098	6.8911	0207	.0004	.0004	1.998	378.38
4.07	.0886	.0059	.0880	.0122	7.2004	0276	.0004	.0004	1.999	378.50
5.09	.1127	.0058	.1117	.0158	7.0795	0345	.0004	.0004	1.999	378.62
6.10	.1345	.0056	.1331	.0199	6.6863	0406	.0004	.0004	1.999	378.66
7.11	.1564	.0056	. 1545	.0249	6.2086	0465	.0005	.0004	2.001	379.01
8.10	.1768	.0055	.1743	.0304	5.7405	0518	.0005	.0004	2,001	378.89
. 10	.0010	.0067	.0010	.0067	. 1459	.0020	.0004	.0004	2.000	378.78

PROJECT 1570			RUN 3			MACH 2.00				
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	κ/FT	DYN PRS
-6.50	1986	.0067	1966	.0291	-6.7517	.0724	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.60
-4.56	1409	.0070	1399	.0182	-7.7015	.0533	.0008	.0008	2.000	448.46
-2.50	0774	.0074	0770	.0108	-7.1236	.0306	8000.	.0008	2.002	449.03
50	0173	.0080	0172	.0082	-2.1108	.0082	.0008	.0008	2.006	449.82
1.46	.0361	.0078	.0359	.0087	4.1384	0116	.0008	.0008	2.008	450.25
3.55	.0993	.0070	.0987	.0131	7.5275	0342	.0008	8000	2.010	450.68
5.50	.1546	.0065	.1533	.0213	7.2093	0515	.0008	.0008	2.012	451.18
7.51	.2085	.0062	.2059	.0334	6.1617	0655	.0008	.0008	2.014	451.72
1.09	.0265	.0079	.0263	.0084	3.1440	0078	.0008	.0008	1.997	447.75

	РкоЈ	ECT 1570	1		RUN	4		ΜA	ACH 2.40	
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	Cυ	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	CDC	K/FI	DIN PKS
-6.30	1732	.0066	1715	.0256	-6.7095	.0582	.0007	.0006	2.003	419.64
-4.26	1122	.0069	1114	.0152	-7.3227	.0399	.0007	.0006	2.002	419.55
-2.27	0592	.0071	0589	.0094	-6.2605	.0222	.0006	.0006	2.002	419.53
28	0077	.0075	0077	.0075	-1.0223	.0036	.0006	.0006	2.002	419.53
1.66	.0377	.0071	.0374	.0082	4.5541	0124	.0007	.0007	2.002	419.39
3.78	.1007	<b>.</b> 0066	.1000	.0132	7.5851	0328	.0007	.0007	2.002	419.42
5.75	.1505	.0061	.1491	.0212	7.0400	0474	.0007	.0007	2.002	419.53
7.86	.2004	.0059	.1977	.0332	5.9489	0593	.0007	.0007	2.002	419.53
21	0028	.0075	0028	•0075	3769	.0025	•0006	.0006	2.002	419.47

	PROJ	ECT 1570			RUN	7		MA	ACH 2.80	
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-6.04	1451	.0063	1436	.0216	-6.6608	.0491	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.13
-4.09	1007	.0064	0999	.0136	-7.3469	.0354	.0005	.0005	2.000	378.76
-2.14	0538	.0065	0536	.0085	-6.2736	.0200	.0005	•0005	2.001	378.99
14	0065	.0067	0065	.0067	9725	.0037	.0005	•0005	2.001	378.89
2.01	.0470	.0063	.0468	.0079	5.8975	0146	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.97
4.00	.0927	.0059	.0921	.0124	7.4349	0298	.0005	•0005	2.001	378.89
5.99	.1365	.0056	.1351	.0199	6.8038	0422	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.93
7.88	.1734	.0055	.1710	.0292	5.8540	0523	.0005	.0005	2.000	378.85
05	0010	.0067	0010	.0067	1510	.0018	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.91

PROJECT 1570					RUN 8			MACH 2.40			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS	
-6.33	1642	.0058	1625	.0239	-6.8035	.0524	.0007	.0007	2.003	419.66	
-4.28	1138	.0062	1131	.0147	-7.7171	.0376	.0007	.0007	2.000	418.95	
-2.34	0609	.0068	0605	.0093	-6.5356	.0197	.0007	.0007	2.000	419.00	
28	0067	.0072	0067	.0072	9236	.0012	.0006	.0006	2.001	419.25	
1.78	.0503	.0070	.0500	.0086	5.8204	0184	.0006	.0006	2.001	419.17	
3.82	.1039	.0068	.1032	.0137	7.5582	0360	.0007	.0007	1.999	418.81	
5.76	.1495	.0066	.1480	.0215	6.8735	0490	.0007	.0007	2.001	419.28	
7.82	.2025	.0063	.1998	.0338	5.9096	0612	.0007	.0007	1.999	418.78	
33	0067	.0073	0066	.0074	9015	.0013	.0006	.0006	2.000	419.11	

	PROJECT 1570			RUN 9			MACH 2.80			
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	CM	CAC	СЪС	R/FT	DYN PRS
-6.05	1412	.0057	1398	.0205	-6.8126	.0448	.0005	.0005	1.999	378.50
-4.02	0911	.0059	0905	.0123	-7.3733	.0300	.0005	.0005	2.000	378.74
-2.04	0489	.0061	0486	.0079	-6.1794	.0159	.0005	.0005	2.000	378.76
.02	.0015	.0066	.0015	.0066	.2208	0011	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.91
1.95	.0466	.0064	.0464	.0080	5.8287	0167	.0005	.0005	2.002	379.15
3.95	.0921	.0062	.0914	.0125	7.3189	0314	.0005	.0005	2.000	378.76
5.94	.1363	.0061	.1349	.0201	6.7035	0437	.0005	.0005	2.000	378.85
7.95	.1776	.0060	.1751	.0305	5.7433	0549	.0005	.0005	2.001	378.95
04	.0011	.0066	.0011	.0066	.1695	0011	.0005	.0005	2.000	378.78

	PROJ	ECT 1570	)		RUN 1	.0		MA	CH 2.00	
ALPHA	CN	CA	CL	CD	L/D	СМ	CAC	CDC	R/FT	DYN PRS
-6.54	1879	.0058	1860	.0272 −€	5.8459	.0651	.0008	.0008	1.998	448.00
-4.54	1282	.0063	1273	.0164 -7	7.7600	.0460	.0008	.0008	1.999	448.35
-2.54	0680	.0069	0676	.0099 -6	5.8258	.0247	.0008	.0008	1.999	448.28
54	0107	.0077	0106	.0078 -1	.3615	.0037	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.71
1.52	.0462	.0076	.0460	.0088	5.2335	0171	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.64
3.50	.1053	.0071	.1047	.0135 7	.7387	0378	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.60
5.48	.1591	.0068	.1577	.0220 7	7.1718	0537	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.64
7.52	.2138	.0067	.2111	.0346 6	.0969	0681	.0008	.0008	2.001	448.60
52	0086	.0077	0086	.0078 -1	.0942	.0030	.0008	.0008	1.999	448.35

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longitudinal and lateral aerody. The investigation also included were four wing models: three surface finish, and a zero-dihed three dihedral models, two were one having a maximum scallop 0.005 in. The third dihedral maximum scallop 1.8 to 2.8, a range of angles of $2 \times 10^6$ . Selected data were coefficient increases, with corresponding to the surface of the surfa	was conducted to assess the mamic characteristics of a highly sold a study of the effects of wing of models having 22.5° of outboard dral, smooth model of the same retaken directly from the milling of height of 0.002 in. and the other of the was hand finished to a smooth y Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel over of attack from -5° to 8°, and are also taken at a Reynolds number sponding lift-drag ratio decreases, surface roughness due to milling motor roughness increased as Reynolds	wept wing at su dihedral. Included in dihedral, identification of the machine without a maximum so a range of Macha Reynolds in the per per foot of were the primal achine grooves. In number increase.	personic speeds.  ded in the tests  tical except for ference. Of the  ut smoothing— callop height of were conducted  h numbers from umber per foot $6 \times 10^6$ . Drag  ry aerodynamic  These drag and
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